

MAHARAJA SURAJMAL BRIJ UNIVERSITY BHARATPUR (RAJASTHAN)

FACULTY OF EDUCATION

B.A.-B.Ed. INTEGRATED PROGRAMME

(FOUR YEAR)

B.A.- B.Ed. Part-IV

SESSION (2024-25)

Dr. Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar Acad.l

डॉ. सरेन्द्र विकासिनदार

NOTICE

- Change in syllabus/ordinance/rules/regulations/ syllabi and books may from time to time, be made by amendment or remaking and a candidate shall, accept in so far as the university determines otherwise comply with any change that applies to years he/she has not completed at time of change.
- All court cases shall be subject to the jurisdiction of Maharaja Surajmal Brij University head quarter Bharatpur only and not any otherplace.

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B.A. B.Ed PART - IV CONTENTS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SYLLABUS

- ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES (COMPULSORY)*
- 2. CREATING AND INCLUSIVESCHOOL
- 3. UNDERSTANDING DISCIPLINES AND SUBJECT
- 4. PHYSICAL EDUCATION & YOGA
- 5. GENDER, SCHOOL AND SOCIETY
- 6. ASSESSMENT FORLEARNING
- (a/b) PEDAGOGY OF A SCHOOL SUBJECT (PART 3) Ist AND IInd YEAR (CANDIDATE SHALL BE REQUIRED TO OFFER ANY TWO PAPERS FROM THE FOLLOWING FOR PART - 3 AND OTHER FOR PART - 4) - 08(a/b)
 - 1. Hindi
 - 2. Sanskrit
 - 3. English
 - 4. Urdu
 - 5. History
 - 6. Economics
 - 7. Civics
 - 8. Geography
 - 9. Social Studies
 - 10. Home Science
 - 11. Drawing andPainting
 - 12. Music
 - 13. Psychology

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Ordinance and Regulations related to the Integrated B.A.B.Ed. Degree

01. The Objective and the Learning outcomes of the Integrated B.A.B.Ed. Degreeare-

Objectives:

- To promote capabilities for inculcating national values and goalsas Mentioned in the constitution ofIndia.
- To act as agents of modernization and socialchange.
- To promote social cohesion, international understanding and protection of human rights and right of thechild.
- To acquire competencies and skills needed forteacher.
- To use competencies and skills needed for becoming aneffective teacher.
- To become competent and committedteacher.
- To be sensitive about emerging issues such as environment, population general equality, legal literacyete.
- To inculcate logical, rational thinking and scientific temper among the students.
- To develop critical awareness about the social issues & realities among the students.
- To use managerial organizational and information & technologicalskills.

Learning outcomes:

- Competence to teach effectively two school subjects at the Elementary & secondary levels.
- Ability to translate objectives of secondary education in terms of specific Programmes and activities in relation to the curriculum.
- Ability to understand children's needs, motives, growth pattern andthe process of learning to stimulate learning and creative thinking to faster growth anddevelopment.
- 4. Ability tousc-
- 5. Individualizedinstruction
- Dynamic methods in largeclasses.
- Ability to examine pupil's progress and effectiveness of their own teaching through the use of proper evaluationtechniques.

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- Equipment for diagonosis pupil progress and effectiveness of their own teachings through the use of proper evaluationtechniques.
- 9. Readiness to spot talented and gifted children and capacity to meet theirneeds.
- 10. Ability to organize various school programmes, activities forpupil.
- 11. Developing guidance point of view in educational, personal and vocationalmatters.
- Ability to access the all round development of pupils and to maintain a cummulative record.
- Developing certain practical skill such as:
 - a. Black board work
 - b. Preparing improvisedapparatus
 - c. Preparing teaching aids and ICT.
- Interest and competence in the development of the teaching profession and education.
 Readiness to participate in activities of professionalorganizations.

Integrated Programme of B.A.B.Ed. Degree Shall Consist of

- i) First YearB.A.B.Ed.
- ii) Second Year B.A.B.Ed.
- iii) Third Year B.A.B.Ed.
- iv) Final Year B.A.B.Ed.

Duration of the Course - Four Years

Examinination after each session in theory papers

Scheme of Examination against each subject separately.

1. Compulsory Papers*:

Year	Paper
I Year	Gen. English
II Year	Gen. Hindi
III Year	Elementry Computer Application (ICT)
IV Year	Environmental Studies

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

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Group - A: - Subject Specialisation:

Year	Paper	
I Year	Instructional System & Educational evaluation	
II Year	Peace Education	
III Year	Guidance and Counselling in School	
IV Year	Physical Education & Yoga	

Group-B: Content of Language and Social Science Subject: - A Student has to opt any three optional subject (papers) from group B which two must be the school teaching subjects.

*A Candidate has to opt either political science or public administration as one subject & either philosophy or psychology as other subject.

Hindi Sahitya (I & II)	Sociology(1 & 11)
	Philosophy/Psychology (I & II)
Sanskrit (I & II)	Drawing & Painting (I & II)
English Literature (I & II)	Geography (I & II)
Urdu (1 & 11)	Home Science (1 & II)
History (I & II)	Indian Music (1 & II)
Political Science/Pub. Admi. (I & II)	Indian Masic (1234)
Economics(I & II)	

Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject 08 a/b: Pedagogy of a School Subject IIIrd Year and IVth Year (candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following for part-III & other for part-IV).

2.11	Pedagogy of Geography
Pedagogy of Hindi	Pedagogy of Social Studies
Pedagogy of Sanskrit	Pedagogy of Home Science
Pedagogy of English	Pedagogy of Home Serence
Pedagogy of Urdu	Pedagogy of Drawing and Painting
Pedagogy of History	Pedagogy of Music
Pedagogy of Economics	Pedagogy of Psychology
Pedagogy of Civics	

. In all the subjects the student has to study a minimum of 9 papers in 1st year, 9

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Dr. Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar Acad.I Paper in IInd Year. 9 Paper in IIIrd Year and 6 Paper in IVth Year (Total 33 Papers).

Each of the above papers will carry 100marks.

Scheme of Instruction for B.A.B.Ed Course

Detail of courses and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.A.B.Ed Course are provided in Tables given below:-

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.A.-B.Ed. Ist Year

SUBJE	Course	Title of the Paper	E	valuation		
CTS	Code		External	Internal	Practical	Total
1	B.A B.Ed. 01	Gen. English (Compulsory)*	100			100
2	B.A-B.Ed.	Childhood and Growing Up	80	20	•	100
3	B.AB.Ed. 03	Contemporary India and Education	80	20		100
4	B.AB.Ed. 04	Instructional System & Educational Evaluation	80	20	•	100
5(i,ii,), 6(i,ii,). 7(i,ii,),	05.	Content (Select any Three) 1. Hindi (I & II) 2. Sanskrit (I & II) 3. English (I & II) 4. Urdu (I & II) 5. History (I & II) 6. Political Science/Pub. Aid (I & II) 7. Economics(I & II) 8. Sociology(I & II) 9. Philosophy/ Psychology (I & II) 10. Drawing & Painting (I & II) 11. Geography (I & II) 12. Home Science (I & II) 13. Indian Music(I & II)	100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+10075+75 90 75+75 50+50 40+40	20(sub.of work)	50 (Psy.) 45+45 50 50+50 120	600
-		13. Indian Music(1 & II)			Grand Total	

^{*}ELIGIBILITY CRITERIAN ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Scheme of B.A.-B.Ed. Hnd Year

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subjects	Course	Title of the Paper	E	aluation		
subjects	Code		External	Internal	Practic al	Total
8	B.AB.Ed. 08	Gen. Hindi(Compulsory)*	100			100
9	B.A-B.Ed. 09	Knowledge and curriculum	80	20		100
10	B.A- B.Ed.10	Learning and Teaching	80	20		100
11	B.AB.Ed	Peace Education	80	20		100
12(i,ii),13(i,ii)14(i,ii)	B.AB.Ed 12,13,14	Content (Select any Three) 1. Ilindi (I & II) 2. Sanskrit (I & II) 3. English (I & II) 4. Urdu (I & II) 5. History (I & II) 6. Political Science/Pub. Aid (I & II) 7. Economics(I & II) 8. Sociology(I & II) 9. Philosophy/ Psychology (I & II) 10. Drawing & Painting (I & II) 11. Geography (I & II) 12. Home Science (I & II) 13. Indian Music(I & II)	100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100/75+75 90 75+75 50+50 50+50	20	50 (Psy.) 45+45 50 50+50	600
15	B.A - B.Ed Practicum 15	OPEN AIR / SUPW CAMP 1. Community Service 2. Survey (Based on social and educational events) 3. Co-Curricular Activities 4. Health and Social awareness programme (DISASTER MANAGEMENT AND CLEANINESS)		25 25 25 25		100
		CLEANIALSS	1		Grand Total	100

^{*}ELIGIBILITY CRITERIAN ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

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Dr. Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar Acad.I Scheme of B.A.-B.Ed. IIIrd Year

	Course Code	Title of the Paper	100	valuation	Practical-	Total
UBJECTS	Course Cour		External	Internal		100
16	B.A B.Ed. 16	Computer application	100		0	100
		(ICT)(Compulsory)*	80	20		100
17	B.A-B.Ed. 17	Language Across the Curriculum	80	20	-	100
18	B.AB.Ed-18	Guidance and Counseling in School	00		-	
19 (i,ii,), 20(i,ii,), 21(i,ii,)	19,20,21	Content (Select any Three) 1. Hinds (I & II) 2. Sanskrit (I & II) 3. English (I & II) 4. Urdu (I & II) 5. History (I & II) 6. Political Science/Pub. Aid (I & II) 7. Economics(I & II) 8. Sociology(I & II) 9. Philosophy/ Psychology (I & II) 10. Drawing & Painting (I & II) 11. Geography (I & II) 12. Home Science (I & II) 13. Indian Music(I & II)	100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 100+100 75+75 50+50 50+50	20	50 (Psy.) 45+45 50 50+50 100	600
22	B.AB.Ed 2	Pedagogy of a School Subject, (candidate shall be required to offer any one paper in both years from the following) 1. Hindi 2. Sanskrit 3. English 4. Urdu 5. History 6. Economics 7. Civics 8. Geography 9. Social Studies 10. Home Science 11. Drawing and Painting 12. Music 13. Psychology		20		100
Practic 23	Section 1 Section 2 Section 2				10 50 05 05 20 10	100
24	B.A.·B.Ed	The second secon	100			10
						11

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Scheme of B.A.-B.Ed. IVth Year

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ubjects	Course Code	Title of the Paper	Evaluation			
			External	Internal	Practical	Total
25	B.AB.Ed. 25	*Environmental Education(Compulsory)	100	•		100
26	B.A- B.Ed. 26	Creating and inclusive school	80	20		100
27	B.AB.Ed. 27	Understanding Disciplines and Subject	80	20		100
28	B.AB.Ed. 28	Physical Education & Yoga	80	20		100
29	B.A-B.Ed.29	Gender, School and Society	80	20		100
30	B.A-B.Ed. 30	Assessment for Learning	80	20	1	100
31	B.A-B.Ed. 31	Pedagogy of a School Subject, (candidate shall be required to offer any one paper in both years from the following) 1. Hindi 2. Sanskrit 3. English 4. Urdu 5. History 6. Economics 7. Civics 8. Geography 9. Social Studies 10. Home Science 11. Drawing and Painting 12. Music 13. Psychology	80	20		100
Practicu m 32	B.A-B.Ed. 32	1. Practice teaching 2. Block Teaching (Participation in School Activities Social Participation in Group) 3. Report of any feature of school / case study/action research 4. Criticism Lesson			10	
33	B.A-B.Ed. 33	Final Lesson	100			10
			J			80

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Four Years Integrated Degree Scheme of B.A.B.Ed.

Compulsory Papers*

Year	Paper
Ist Year	Gen. English
II Year	Gen Hindi
III Year	Elementry Computer Application (ICT)
IV Year	Environmental Studies

Compulsory Paper

Year	Paper
Ist Year	Childhood and GrowingUp Contemporary India and Education
II nd Year	Knowledge andcurriculum Learning and Teaching
IIIrd Year	5. Language Across the Curriculum
IV th Year	Creating and inclusiveschool Understanding Disciplines and Subject Gender, School andSociety Assessment forLearning

Group - A: - Subject Specialisation:

Year	Paper	
I st Year	InstructionalSystem &Educational	
TING WARE	Peace Education	
III rd Vear	Guidance and Counselling in School	
IV th Year	Physical Education & Yoga	

Group-B: Content of Language and Social Science Subject: - A Student has to opt any three optional subjects (papers) from group B which two must be the school teaching subjects.

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Hindi Sahitya (1 & II)	Sociology(I & II)		
	Philosophy/Psychology (1 & II)		
Sanskrit (I & II)	Drawing & Painting (1 & II)		
English Literature (I & II)	Geography (1 & II)		
Urdu (I & II)	Home Science (I & II)		
History (I & II)	Indian Music (I & II)		
Political Science/Pub. Admi. (I & II)	Indian Music (1 & 11)		
Economics(I & II)			
	The state of the s		

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Dr. Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject 08 A/B: Pedagogy of a School Subject IIIrd Year and IVth Year (candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following for part-III & other for part-IV).

Pedagogy of Hindi	Pedagogy of Geography
Pedagogy of Sanskrit	Pedagogy of Social Studies
Pedagogy of English	Pedagogy of Home Science -
Pedagogy of Urdu	Pedagogy of Drawing and Painting
Pedagogy of History	Pedagogy ofMusic
Pedagogy of Economics	Pedagogy ofPsychology
Pedagogy ofCivics	

Years	Papers	Marks
I Year	9 Paper	900
II Year	9 Paper + Practicum	900+100
III Year	9 Paper + Practicum+ Final Lesson	900 + 100+100 = 1100
IV Year	6 Paper + Practicum+ Final Lesson	600 +100+100 = 800
Total	33 PAPERS	3300+ 300+200 = 3800

O. 321 The objectives of the practical work prescribed for the Integrated Programme of B.A.B.Ed. Degree (Four Year) are follows:

PART II

Practical Work

Objectives:

To develop the ability and self-confidence of pupil teachers:

- To be conscious of sense of values and need for their inculcation in children through all available means including one's own personallife.
- 2. Possess a high sense of professional responsibility.
- 3. Develop resourcefulness, so as to make the best use of the situationavailable.
- Appreciate and respect each child's individuality and treat him as independent and integrated personality.
- Arouse the curiosity and interest of the pupils and secure their active participation in the educative process.
- 6. Develop in the pupil's capacity for thinking and working independently and guide the

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Dr. Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar Acad.l pupils to thatend.

- Organize and manage the class for teachinglearning.
- Appreciate the dynamic nature of the class situation and teachingtechniques.
- 9. Define objectives of particular lessons and plan for theirachievements.
- Organize the prescribed subject- matter in relation to the needs, interest and abilities of thepupils.
- 11. Use the appropriate teaching methods andtechniques.
- Prepare and use appropriate teaching aids, use of the black board and other apparatus and material properly.
- Convey ideas in clear and concise language and in a logical manner for effective learning.
- 14. Undertake actionresearch.
- 15. Give proper opportunity to gifted pupils and take proper care of the back-wardpupils.
- Co-relate knowledge of the subject being taught with other subjects and with real life situations as and whenpossible.
- 17. Prepare and useassignments.
- 18. Evaluate pupil'sprogress.
- 19. Plan and organize co curricular activities and participate inthem.
- Co-operates with school teachers and administrators and learns to maintain school records andregisters.

Practical skill to teach the two school subjects offered under Theory papers VIII A/B are thefollowing:

- Observation of lesson delivered by experienced teachers and staff of thecollege.
- Planning units andlessons.
- Discussion of lesson plans, unit plans and lessons given (including criticismlesson)
- Organization and participation in co- curricularactivities.
- Setting follows upassignment.
- Evaluation in terms of educational objectives use of teachers made tests & administration of standardizedtests.
- 7. Black-boardwork.
- 8. Practical work connected with schoolsubjects.

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- 9. Preparation and use of audio visual aids related to the methods of teaching.
- Experimental and laboratory work in sciences, home-science, Geography and other subjects of experimental and practical nature.
- 11. Study of the organization of work and activities in theschool.
- 12. Observation and assistance in the health educationprogramme.
- 13. Observation and assistance in the guidanceprogramme.
- 14. Maintenance of cummulativerecords.
- 15. Techniques of teaching in largeclasses.
- O. 322 A candidate has to deliver at least 40 lessons (20 Lessons of one teaching subject in 3rd year & 20 Lessons of other teaching subject in 4th year) in a recognized school under the supervision of the staff of the college shall be eligible for admission to the examination for the degree of B.A.B.Ed.

Notes :-

- i. Teaching subject means a subject offered by the candidate at his/her running B.A.B.Ed.course either as a compulsory subject or as an optional subject provided that the candidate studied it for at least two years. Thus the qualifying subjects like General English, General Hindi, Education, History of Indian Civilization and Culture. Prescribed for running B.A.B.Ed.course of the University or a subject dropped by candidates at the part I stage of the degree course shall not be treated as teachingsubjects.
- ii. Only such candidate shall be allowed to offer Social Studies for the B.A.B.Ed. Examination as have taken their running B.A.B.Ed.course with any two subjects out of History, Political Science/Public Administration, Economics, Geography, Sociology, Philosophy /Psychology.
- iii. A candidate who has studied political or public administration as one of the subject in two years shall be offered civics as a teaching subject in B.A. B.EdIntegrated.
- iv. To maintain same sequence of papers (G.A. IVth, G.B. 05/06/07 papers (Ist, IInd & IIIrd year) and 8 a/b IIIrd year and IVth year) in the four years B.A.B.Ed itegrated course, paper no IIIrd in B.A.B.Ed IIIrd year and paper no VIIth in B.A.B.Ed IVth year were skipped.
- 0.323 No candidate shall be allowed to appear in the Integrated B.A.B.Ed examination

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- I,II,III & IV Year unless he/she has attended (80% for all course work & practicum, and 90% for school internship)
- O.324 The examination for Integrated B.A.B.Ed. for Four Year shall be in two parts- part 1st comprising theory papers & part 2 practice of teaching in accordance with the scheme of examination laid down from time to time.
- O.325 Candidates who fail in Integrated B.A.B.Ed examination in part 1 or/ part 2 the theory of education may present themselves for re-examination there in at a subsequent examination without attending a further course at an affiliated training college.

 Provided that a candidate who fails in any one of the theory papers and secures at least 48% marks in the aggregate of the remaining theory papers may be allowed to reappear in the examination in the immediately following year in the paper in which he/she fails only. He/she shall be declared to have passed if he secures minimum passing marks prescribed for the paper in which he appeared and shall be deemed to have secured minimum passing marks only prescribed for the paper (irrespective of the marks actually obtained by him) for the purpose of determining his division in accordance with the scheme of examination. The candidate shall have to repeat the whole examination in subsequent year in case he fails to clear the paper in which he failed.
- O.326 Candidates who fail in the Integrated B.A.B.Ed. examination part 1 and part 2 only in the practice of teaching may appear in the practical examination in the subsequent year provided that they keep regular terms for four calendar months per year and give at-least 40 lessons(20 in part 1& 20 in part 2) supervisedlessons.
- O.326 A: A candidate who complete a regular course of study in accordance with the provision laid down in the ordinance, at an affiliated teacher's training college for four academic year but for good reasons fails to appear at the Integrated B.A-B.Ed. examination may be admitted to a subsequent examination as an Ex-student as defined in O.325 or O.326 Above.
- O.326 B: No candidate shall be permitted to appear as an Ex-student at more than one subsequent examination. The Integrated B.A.B.Ed programme shall be of duration of four academic years, which can be completed in a maximum of five years from the date of admission to the Integrated B.A.B.Ed.Degree.

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Dr Farbat/Singh Asstt. Registrar Regulation 42:-

Scheme of Integrated B.A.B.Ed Four Year Examination

The Integrated B.A.B.Ed. (Four years) will consist of the following components;

Part I- Main theory papers at B.A.B.Ed. I, In Integrated B.A.B.Ed I Year Paper nos. are 02, 03, 04 (G-A) are of 3 hours carrying 100 marks (80 for the theory + 20 sessional) each.

Compulsury paper* 01 of 100 marks and optional papers 05, 06, 07 (G-B) are of 3 hours carrying 100 marks (I and II) each. Distribution of marks having practical such as psychology drawing and painting, Geography, Home science and Indian music are according to their marking scheme mention in page No.7.

Part II- Practice Teaching - Micro Teaching, Internship, Practice Teaching of 20 weeks (10 at B.A.B.Ed Year III & 10 at B.A.B.Ed Year IV) Block Teaching and Criticism and Final Lesson in III & IV Year per teaching subject.

Organization evaluation of practice teaching:

- Every candidate will teach at-least 40 lessons (20 in III Year & 20 in IV Year) during practice teaching session. At least ten lessons in each subject should besupervised.
- 40(20+20) lessons as desired in the syllabus should be completed as full period class room lesson. Micro teaching lesson to be used in addition to those 40 lessons for developing certain teachingskills.
- A minimum of ten lessons in each subject will be supervised evaluated by the subject specialist or a team of specialists of thesubjects.
- 4. By and large, the evaluation of the performance in the practical teaching will be based on the last ten lessons in the subject when the student has acquired some competence

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and skills ofteaching.

- The internal assessment in practice of teaching will be finalized by the principal with
 the help of members of the teaching staff and the same will be communicated to the
 university before the commencement of the practical eachyear.
- 6. At Integrated B.A-B.Ed III Year each candidate should be prepared to teach one lessons at the final practical examination. At the Integrated B.A.B.Ed IV Year exam candidateshouldbeprepared to teach two lessons (one in each subject). The external examiners may select at-least 10% of the candidates to deliver two lessons in Integrated B.A.B.Ed IV Year.
- 7. There will be a board of Examiners for the external examination for each college which will examine each candidate in at-least one lesson and a minimum of 15% in two lessons (one in each of the twosubjects).
- 8. The board of Examination will consistof:
 - (a) The principal of the collegeconcerned.
 - (b) A principal or a senior and experienced member of the teaching staff of another training college, affiliated to Maharaja Surajmal Brij University, Bharatpur.
 - (c) An external examiner from outside the Maharaja Surajmal Brij University, Bharatpur or a senior member of the teaching staff of an affiliated trainingcollege.
 - (d) The board as far as possible will represent Social science, language andscience.
- 9. Approximately 50 lessons will be examined by the board eachday.

Distribution of marks having practical such as psychology drawing and painting, Geography, Home science and Indian music are according to their marking scheme mention in page No.7.

Working out the result and awarding the division:

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- (1) A candidate in order to be declared successful at the Integrated B.A.B.Ed. I, II, III & IV Year Examination shall be required to pass separately in Part I (Theory) and Part II (Practice of Teaching).
- (2) For a passing in Part I (Theory) a candidate shall be required to obtain at-least (a) 30 percent marks in each theory paper and sessionals (24 marks out of 80 and 6 marks out of 20); (b) 30% marks in each theory paper and sessional (11 marks out of 35 & 4 marks out of 15) (c) 36 percent marks in the aggregate of all the theorypapers.
- (3) For passing in Part II (school internship Practice of Teaching) a candidate shall be required to obtain separatelyat-least-
 - 40 percent marks in the external examination.
 - 40 percent marks in internalassessment.
- (4) The successful candidates at Integrated B.A.B.Ed Four Year Examination obtaining total marks will be classified in three divisions and shall be assigned separately in theory and school internship Practice of teaching asfollows:

Division	Theory	Practice of Teaching
I	60%	60%
II	48%	48%
Pass	36%	40%

The practical work record shall be properly maintained by the college and may be made available for work satisfaction of external examiner in school internship (practice teaching), those are expected to submit a report regarding this separately.

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B.A. B.Ed. (Part-IV) -25 Environmental Studies (Cumpulsory)

Scheme of examination

 Time
 Min Marks
 Max.Marks

 3 hrs
 36
 100

This paper will contain 100 multiple choice questions. Lach question will carry 1 mark. Students should be encouraged to visit places of Environmental Importance including Natural and Manmade Habitat.

Note:

- The marks secured in this paper shall not be counted in awarding the division to a
 candidate.
- 2. The candidates will have to clear this compulsory paper in three chances.
- Non-appearing or absence in the examination of compulsory paper will be counted
 as a chance.

Unit.1: The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies

Definition, scope and importance- Relationship between Environmental Studies and other branches of science and social sciences.

Need for Environmental awareness, Environmental education in present day context.

Unit.2: Natural Resources and Challenges

- a. Natural resources and associated problems, Classification of resources; renewable resources, non-renewable resources, classes of earth resources, resources regions: Definition and criteria, resource conservation.
- Forest resources: Use and over- exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber
 extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal people
- Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and groundwater, floods, drought conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems.
- d. Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.
- e. Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticides problems, water logging, salinity, case studies:
- f. Energy resources: Growing energy need, renewable and nonrenewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.
- g. Land resources: Land as a resource, Land degradation man induced Landslides, soil erosion and desertification.

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- Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources
- Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

Unit 3: Ecosystems, Concepts, Structure, Functions and Types

- Concept of an ecosystem
- Structure and function of an ecosystem
- Producers, consumers and decomposers
- Energy flow in the ecosystem
- Ecological succession
- Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids
- Introduction, types characteristics features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:
- a. Forest ecosystem, Tropical Temperate and Alpine Ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem and Their Types
- c. Desert ecosystem with emphasis on Thar Desert
- d. Aquatic ecosystems(ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) and Wet Lands

Unit 4: Biodiversity and its conservation

- Introduction Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity
- Biogeographically classification of India
- Value of biodiversity :consumptive use, productive use, social ethical, aesthetic
 and option values
- Biodiversity at global, National and local level
- India as a mega-diversity nation
- Hot-sport of biodiversity
- Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts
- Endangered, Threatened and endemic species of India
- Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity
- Red Data Book

Unit 5: Environmental Pollution and Control Measures

Definition .

- Causes, effects and control measures of:
- a) Air Pollution
- b) Water Pollution
- c) Soil Pollution
- d) Marine Pollution

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- Noise Pollution c)
- n Thermal Pollution
- Nuclear Hazards
- Solid waste management" Causes, effects and control measures of urban and
- Role of an individual in prevention of pollution
- Pollution case studies
- Disaster management: floods earthquake, cyclone and landslides

Unit 6 : Social issues, Environment, Laws and Sustainability

- From Unsustainable to Sustainable development
- Urban problems related to energy
- Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management
- Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case
- Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solution.
- Climate change, global warming, acid rain ozone layer depletion, nuclear
- Wasteland reclamation.
- Consumerism and waste product.
- Environmental Protection Act.
- Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution)Act
- Wild life protection Act
- Forest Conservation Act
- Biological Diversity Act
- Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation
- Public Awareness.

Unit 7: Human Population and the Environment

- Population growth, variation among nations
- Population explosion-Family Welfare Programme
- Environment and Human health
- Human Rights
- Value Education
- HIV/AIDS
- Women and Child Welfare
- Role of Information Technology in Environment and human healt

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B.A.B.Ed IV YEAR 26-Creating and inclusive school

MARKS: 100

Objectives

The course will enable the student teachers to -

- To demonstrate knowledge of different perspectives in the area of education of children withdisabilities.
- *To reformulate attitudes towards children with specialneeds.
- To use specific strategies involving skills in teaching special needs children in inclusive classrooms.
- · To modify appropriate learner-friendly evaluation procedures.
- *To incorporate innovative practices to respond to education of children with special needs.
- · To contribute to the formulation ofpolicy.
- •To implement laws pertaining to education of children with specialneeds.

Course:-

UNIT 1: PARADIGMS IN EDUCATION OF CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

- · Historical perspectives and contemporary trends Approaches of viewingd sabilities:
- The charity model, the bio centric model, the functional model and the humanrights model
- Concept of special education, integrated education and inclusive education. Philosophy
 of inclusive education.

UNIT 2: LEGAL AND POLICY PERSPECTIVES

- RTE Act, 2009.
- National Policy Education of Students with Disabilities in the National Policy on Education, 1968, 1986.
- POA(1992); Education in the National Policy on Disability, 2006.

UNIT 3: SCHEME OF INCLUSIVE EDUCATION

- Education of Special Focus Groups under the Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA,2000);
- MHRD, 2005, Scheme of Inclusive Education for the Disabled at Secondary School (IEDSS, 2009), National Trust and NGOs.
- Community-based education.

UNIT 4: CLASS ROOM MANAGEMENT

- Class Room management meaning and approaches
- School's readiness for addressing learningdifficulties

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Technological advancement and its application – ICT, adaptive and assistive devices, equipments
and other technologies for different disabilities

UNIT 5: INCLUSIVE PRACTICES IN CLASSROOMS FOR ALL

- Pedagogical strategies to respond to individual needs of students: Cooperative learning strategies
 in the classroom, peer tutoring, social learning, buddy system, reflective teaching, multisensory
 teaching, etc.
- · Documentation, record keeping and maintenance.
- · Teacher role in classroommanagement

Tasks and Assignments

1. ClassTest

10 marks

2. Anyone

10Marks

- · Case study of a Learner with Specialneeds.
- · Making a Report of Visit to a resource room of SSA.
- · Interviewing a teacher working in an Inclusive School.

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B.A.B.Ed IV Year

27- Understanding Disciplines and subjects

Marks 100

. Objectives:-

After completing the course the students will be able:-

- To develop an understanding of the nature of disciplinary knowledge in the school curriculum.
- 2. To acquire a conceptual understanding of the impact of school subjects ondisciplines.
- To develop interest, attitudes and knowledge about the content in respect of framing thesyllabus.
- 4. To build up a professional, disciplinary and curriculumprogramme.

Unit-I Meaning and concept of disciplinary knowledge

- The Nature and role of disciplinary knowledge in the schoolcurriculum.
- · Relationship of disciplinary areas with schoolsubject.
- · Difference between disciplines & InterdisciplinarySubject.

Unit -II School Subjects on Disciplines

Impact of Social science Subject on Disciplines:-

 Social Science: Methods: Lecture method, Project method, Supervised study, Story-Telling, Biographical, Source Method, Brain-storming Dramatization, Experiential-Learning

Unit - III Imapet of science and maths subject on disciplines

- Demonstration, Project & Field visit, Constructive Learning, Concept Mapping, Heuristic-Learning & Problem Solving, Group Discussion & Panel Discussion
 - Maths: Methods of teaching mathematics: Lecture, Inductive, Deductive, Analytic, Synthetic, Heuristic, Project, Problem solving, and Laboratory methods & techniques ofTeachingMathematics: Questioning, Brainstorming, Role-playing, Singulation, Non formal techniques of learningMathematics.

Unit - IV Imapet of Language subject on disciplines

 Language: Story, Novel, Poetry, Personal Essay, Pen Portrait. Travelogue, Self Narration, Memories

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- · Redefinition of the school subject with concern to social Justice
- Meaning of Social cultural perspective in context of Universal education

Unit - V Process and framing of disciplines and subjects

- Recognized the theory of content, Principles and process of Preparing the syllabus and content
- Practical Knowledge ,Community& Co-curricular activity knowledge with reference to Disciplinarily and Relation with SchoolCurriculum
- Creativity development of learning through horticulture andhospitality

Test and Assignment:-

1. Class Test

10Marks

2. Any one ofthefollowing

10Marks

- Prepare charts with related language (Hindi, English, orSanskrit)
- Preparation of a talk with related socialjustice.
- · Collection of news papers cutting related with horticulture andhost itality.
- Prepare a lab with related science and maths tools and their operation.
- Life sketch and contribution of any two Indian scientists and socialistic.
- Study of any one aspect of social issues and prepare areport.
- Preparation of Five (5) word cards, 5 picture eards and cross word puzzles (Language)
- · 5 microteaching skills & 5 macro- teaching (based on different imposative methods)

References:-

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B.A.B.Ed IV Year

28- PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND YOGA

OBJECTIVES:-

MARKS-100

The course will enable the student teachers to -

- To enable them to understand the need & importance of PhysicalEducation.
- To acquaint them to allied areas in PhysicalEducation.
- To sensitize the student teacher towards physical fitness & itsimportance.
- To make them aware of the benefits of physical fitness & activities for its development.
- · To help them acquire the skills for assessment of physical fitness.
- · To introduce them to the philosophical bases of Yoga.
- · To introduce them to types of Yoga & itsimportance.
- · To motivate them to resort to physical activity for the fitness development.
- · To help them understand the procedure of health related fitnessevaluation

Unit 1. PHYSICAL EDUCATION

- Introduction, Definition and Meaning of physicaleducation
- · Objectives of physicaleducation
- Scope of physical education & allied areas in PhysicalEducation

Unit 2. PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND METHODS

- Need&importance of physical education in different levels of school(sec. and sr. sec.level)
- Training methods:- Development of components of physical fitness and-motor fitness through following training methods (continuous method, interval method, circuit method, fartlek/speed play and weighttraining)
- · Development of Techniques and Tactics

Unit 3. PHYSICAL FITNESS

- · Definition, Meaning, Types and factors of physicalfitness
- Factors affecting physicalfitness
- Benefits PhysicalFitness

Unit 4:- PHYSICAL FITNESS AND YOGA ACTIVITIES

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- Need of physical activities at school level
- Importance of physical activities at schoollevel
- Assessment of physicalfitness
- Introduction, Meaning and mis-concepts of Yoga
- Ashtang Yoga (8 stages of Yoga)
- Types ofYoga
- Importance of Yogasanas, Pranayama and Shudhikriya
- · Importance of Meditation inschool

Unit 5 :- Human abilities and Yoga in Indian context

- Education and Yoga Promotion of intelligence, awareness and creativity through Yoga, Yoga in Class - rooms (Primary, Secondary and Higher educationlevels).
- Stress and Yoga: Stress Definition, Causes, Symptoms Complications in life;
 Yogic management of stress related disorders Anxiety, Depression and
 Suicidal tendencies.

Tasks and Assignments

- 1. Class Test 10 Marks
- 2. Any one following: 10marks
 - Learning and performing of basic yogicactivities
 - Health and physical education relationship with other subject areas likescience, social science and anguages.
 - Fundamental skill of games/sports andyoga

REFERENCES:-

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- Kuvalayananda, Swami, Asanas, (1983) Popular Prakashan Bombay, English/Hindi.
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B.A.B.Ed IV Year

29- Gender, School and Society

MARKS: 100

Objectives:

After completing the course the students will be able:-

[]	To develop basic understanding and familiarity with key concepts-gender, gender bias, gender stereotype, empowerment, gender parity, equity and equality, patriarchy and feminism andtransgender.		
П	To understand some important landmarks in connection with growth of women's education in historical and contemporaryperiods.		
	To learn about gender issues in school, curriculum, textual materials across disciplines, pedagogical processes and its intersection with class, caste, religion and region;		
	To understand the need to address gender based violence in all social spaces and evolves strategies for addressingit.		

Unit 1: Gender Issues: Key Concepts

- · Gender, Sexuality, Patriarchy, Masculinity and Feminity
- Gender Bias, Gender Stereotyping andprejudices
- Equity and Equality in Relation with Caste, Class, Religion, Ethnicity, Disability and Region.
- Issues and Concerns of Transgender

Unit 2: Socialization Processes in India: Family, School and Society

- Gender Identities and Socialization Practices in different types of families in India.
- Sites of Conflict: Understanding the Importance of addressing sexual abuse in family, Neighborhood and School and in other formal and informal institutions.

Unit 3: Gender Issues in Curriculum

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- Gender, Culture and Institution: Intersection of class, caste, Religion and Region - Construction of gender in curriculum Frameworks since Independence: An Analysis - Gender and the hiddencurriculum
- Gender in Text and classroom processes Teacher as an agent of change -Life skills andsexuality.
- · Institutions redressing sexual harassment andabuse.

Unit 4: Gender Studies: Historical Perspectives on Education

- Historical Backdrop: Some Landmarks in Socio-Economic and Educational upliftment of Status of Girls and Women.
- Women empowerment: Meaning, Defination, Needs, Obstacles in the path of women empowerment, Role-of-Government-and institutions for womenempowerment

Unit 5: Constitutional Commitments

- · Reports of Commissions and Committees, Policyinitiatives,
- Schemes and Programmes on Girls Education and Overall Development of Women for Addressing Gender Discrimination inSociety.

Tasks and Assignments

ClassTest 10marks

Anyone 10Marks

- Preparation of Project on Key Concepts and its operational definitions relating it
 with the Social Context of the Teachers and Students.
- Analyses Textual Materials from the Perspective of Gender Bias and Stereotype.
- Organize Debates on Equity and Equality cutting across Gender, Class, Caste, Religion, Ethnicity Disability and Region.
- Prepare a project on Issues and Concerns of Transgender.
- Project on analyzing the growing up of Boys and Girls in different types of family inIndia.

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References:-

- Desai, Neera and Thakkar, Usha. (2001). Women in Indian Society. National Book Trust, NewDelhi
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B.A.B.Ed IV Year

30-Assessment for Learning

MARKS: 100

Objectives

The course will enable the student teachers to -

- · understand the process of evaluation.
- · develop the skill in preparing, administering and interpreting the achievementtest.
- · understand and use different techniques and tools of evaluation forlearning.
- · comprehend the process of assessment forlearning
- · develop skills necessary to compute basic statistical measures to assess thelearning.

Unit 1: Basic Concepts and Overview

- Basic Concepts: assessment, evaluation, measurement, test, examination, formative and summative evaluation, continuous and comprehensive assessment mandated under RTE, and grading.
- Purpose of assessment in different paradigms: (a) behaviourist (with its limited view on learning as behaviour), (b) constructivist paradigm and (c) socioculturalist paradigm; distinction between 'assessment of learning' and 'assessment for learning'; assessment as a basis for taking pedagogic decisions.
- Significance of assessment forlearning
- · Self assessment and peerassessment

Unit 2: Analysis of Existing Practices of Assessment

- Records used in Assessment: a) Profiles: Meaning, Steps involved and criteria
 for developing and maintaining a comprehensive learner profile. b) Evaluation
 rubric: Meaning, Construction and Uses c) Cumulative records: Meaning,
 Significance
- Ethical Principles of Assessment Examination Reforms a. Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) b. Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) e. Open BookExamination

Unit 3: Assessment in the Classroom and Record Keeping

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- · Expanding notions of learning in a constructivistperspective.
- · Ability to develop indicators for assessment.
- · Tasks for assessment: projects, assignments.
- Formulating tasks and questions that engage the learner and demonstrate the process ofthinking.
- Scope for original responses, observation of learning processes by self, by peers, byteacher.
- Organizing and planning for student portfolios and developing rubrics for portfolio assessment, teachers' diaries, and group activities for assessment.

Unit 4: INTERPRETING TEST SCORES

- · Presentation and Organization of data: Frequencydistribution
- · Graphical representation of data, Histogram, Frequencypolygon
- Measures of Central Tendency : Mean, Median, Mode
- Measures of Variability: Quartile Deviation, StandardDeviation
- · Percentile and Percentile Rank
- Rank difference method by spearman's, Co-efficient of correlation, Types of correlation
- Normal Probability Curve : Properties, Uses

Unit 5: Feedback

- · Feedback: meaning, importance andtypes
- Feedback as an essential component of assessment; types of teacher feedback (written andoral).
 - Feedback to students and feedback to parents; peers' feedback, scores, grades and qualitative descriptions, developing and maintaining a comprehensive learnerprofile.
 - Challenges of assessment.

Tasks and Assignments

Class Test

10marks

2. Anyone

10Marks

- Developing an achievement test with its Blue Print, Answer Key and Marks Distribution.
- Developing a Portfolio / Profile / Evaluation Rubric(format).
- · Evaluation of available Unit test and reformation of thesame

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- · Designing Questionnaire / Interview Schedule on a giventopic
- · Preparing any four evaluation tools for FormativeAssessment.

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 B.A.B.Ed IV Year

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

PAPER:-VIII A / B हिन्दी शिक्षण

100 अंक

उद्देश्य -

- 1. भाषा संरचना में हिन्दी भाषा तत्त्वों का ज्ञान देना।
- 2. भाषा की पृथक्-पृथक् भूभिकाओं को जानना।
- 3. भाषा सीखने की सृजनात्मक प्रक्रिया को जानना।
- 4. भाषा के स्वरूप और व्यवस्था को समझना।
- श्रवण, भाषण, वाचन एवं लेखन सम्बन्धी भाषायी कौशलों का ज्ञान देना।
- इकाई, दैनिक व सूक्ष्मपाठ योजनाओं के महत्व से अवगत कराना व निर्माण का ज्ञान देना।
- हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण प्रणालियों के उपयोग का ज्ञान देना।

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- 8. हिन्दी की विधाओं एवं उनके व्यावहारिक शिक्षण की संस्थितियों का ज्ञान देना।
- पाठयचर्या, पाठयक्रम और पाठय पुस्तक का विश्लेषण कर कक्षा विशेष एवं विद्यार्थियों की समझ के अनुसार ढालना।
- 10. भाषा और साहित्य के सम्बन्ध को जानना।
- 11. हिन्दी भाषा के विविध रूपों और अभिव्यक्तियों को जानना।
- 12. भावों और विचारों की स्वतंत्र अभिव्यवित करना।
- 13. भाषायी वारीकियों के प्रति संवेदनशील होना।
- 14. हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण में दृश्य-श्रव्य उपकरणों के व्यावहारिक उपयोग का जान देना।
- 15. हिन्दी शिक्षण में मूल्यांकन के महत्व, मूल्यांकन की संस्थितियों व विधाओं का ज्ञान देना।
- निदानात्मक एवं उपचारात्मक परीक्षण के अर्थ, स्वरूप, महत्व एवं उपयोग का ज्ञान देना।
 इकाई प्रथम
 भाषा की भूमिका
 - भाषा का वैज्ञानिक स्वरूप (वर्ण विचार, शब्द विचार एवं वावय विचार की दृष्टि से)
 - भाषायी कौशलों के विकास
 - (क) श्रवण. (ख) उच्चारण, (ग) वर्तनी, (घ) वाचन (सस्वर व मीन)
 - (ड) अभिव्यक्ति (मौखिक व लिखित)
 - हिन्दी के विविध सृजनात्मक आयामों के अन्तर्गत विविध भाषा रूपों का अध्ययन
 - (i) वाणिज्य और व्यापार के क्षेत्र में हिन्दी (ii) वैज्ञानिक और तकनीकी हिन्दी, (iii) कार्यालयीय हिन्दी, (iv) विधि के क्षेत्र में हिन्दी
 - (v) सामाजिक विज्ञान के क्षेत्र में हिन्दी (vi) संचार माध्यमों में हिन्दी
 - (vii) विज्ञापन के क्षेत्र में हिन्दी
 - मातृभाषा / राष्ट्रभाषा के रूप में हिन्दी शिक्षण की रिशति
 - भाषा का समाज में स्थान
 - हिन्दी की स्वतंत्रता पूर्व एवं स्वतंत्रता पश्चात् की स्थिति

इकाई – द्वितीय

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- शिक्षण के प्रकार : गद्य शिक्षण, पद्य शिक्षण, नाटक शिक्षण, कहानी शिक्षण, रचना शिक्षण, व्याकरण शिक्षण
- सूक्ष्म शिक्षण, दैनिक पाठ योजना, इकाई योजना, सूक्ष्म पाठ योजना
- नवाचार और भाषाशिक्षण की प्रणाली
- विविध जन संचार माध्यमों से हिन्दी शिक्षण परम्परागत माध्यम लोकगीत, लोकनृत्य, कठपुतली, नौटंकी, सेमिनार कार्यशाला, हरिकथा, कहानी
- संचार माध्यम –प्रिंट मीडिया समाचार पत्र-पत्रिकाएँ, साहित्यिक प्रितकाएँ, विज्ञापन, इलेक्ट्रॉनिक मीडिया–रेडियो, टेलीविजन, फिल्म एवं बहुमाध्यम (मल्टी मीडिया) ई-कॉमर्स, मोबाइल, इंटरनेट, इन्ट्रानेट, ई-युनिवर्सिटी, भाषा–प्रयोगशाला

इकाई (तृतीय)

- भाषा शिक्षण की विधियों भारतीय भाषाकारों की दृष्टि से पाणिनी, यास्क, वरनी, कामताप्रसाद गुरु, किशोरी दास वाजपेयी
- पाश्चात्य विद्वानों की दृष्टि से जे.प्याजे. एल. वायगात्स्की, चॉम्स्की, जीन ङ्यूवी
- वर्तमान में प्रचलित प्रायोजना विधि (किलोट्रिक), पर्यवेक्षित अध्ययन विधि एवं अभिक्रमित अनुदेशन।
- भाषा का स्वरूप भाषा व्यवहार के विविध पक्ष नियमबद्ध व्यवस्था के रूप में भाषा,
 भाषायी परिवर्तनशीलता, उच्चारण के सन्दर्भ में हिन्दी की वोलियों, वाक् तथा लेखन।
- भाषायी व्यवस्थाएँ सार्वभौमिक व्याकरण की संकल्पना अर्थ, प्रकृति तथा संरचना,
 वावय विज्ञान तथा अर्थविज्ञान की मूलभूरा संकल्पनाएँ : स्विनम विज्ञान व रूप विज्ञान।

इकाई (चतुर्थ)

- पाठयक्रम और पाठ्य सामग्री का निर्माण और विश्लेषण
 - (अ) पाठयचर्या पाठयक्रम तथा पाठ्य पुस्तकों का सम्बन्ध
 - (व) निदात्मक परीक्षण एवं उपचारात्मक शिक्षण-अर्थ, स्वरूप महत्व एवं उपयोग।
 - (स) प्राथमिक / माध्यमिक / उच्च माध्यमिक स्तर पर प्रयुक्त पाठ्यक्रम एवं पाठ्य सामग्री का विश्लेषण

इकाई (पंचम)

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- हिन्दी शिक्षण में मूल्यांकन -
 - (अ) भाषा विकास की प्रगति का गूल्यांकन सतत और समग्र मूल्यांकन आपसी-मूल्यांकन, स्व-मूल्यांकन, संगूह मूल्यांकन, पोर्ट-फोलिका।
 - (य) प्रश्नों का स्वरूप समस्या-रामाधान सम्बन्धी प्रश्न, सृजनात्मक चिन्तन वाले प्रश्न,
 समालोचनात्मक चिन्तन वाले प्रश्न, कल्पनाशीलता को जीवित करने वाले प्रश्न,
 परिवेशीय सजगता वाले प्रश्न, गतिविधि और टास्क (खुले प्रश्न, वहुविकल्प प्रश्न)
 - (स) फीड वैक (विद्यार्थी, अभिभावक और अध्यापक) और रिपोर्ट
 - (द) प्रश्न पत्र निर्माण एवं नीलपत्र

समसामयिक कार्य

1. कक्षा परीक्षा (टेस्ट)

10 अक

2. निम्न में से कोई एक

10 अंक

- संविधान में भारतीय भाषाओं सम्बन्धी अनुशंसाएँ तथा राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति, पी.ओ.ए. द्वारा संस्तुत भाषा सम्बन्धी सिफारिशों पर एक रिपोर्ट तैयार करना।
- अपने आस-पास के पाँच स्कूलों का दौरा कर यह जानकारी प्राप्त करते हुए एक रिपोर्ट तैयार करें कि त्रिभाषा सूत्र की क्या स्थिति है?
- छात्रों को भाषा सीखने संबंधी कठिनाइयों और समस्याओं का अध्ययन, विश्लेषण एवं निदान के उपाय।
- पाठ्य पुस्तक में दी हुई रचनाओं (किवता, कहानी, नियन्ध आदि) के अतिरिक्त छात्रों से समकालीन पत्र-पत्रिकाओं से पूरक सामग्री का चयन।
- आधुनिक कवि या साहित्यकार के व्यक्तित्व और कृतित्व पर आलेख तैयार फरना।
- सुनने और वोलने में असमर्थ बच्चों को ध्यान में रखते हुए हिन्दी शिक्षण की दो गतिविधियाँ तैयार करें।
- हिन्दी की विधाओं पर स्क्रेब पुरितका तैयार करें।
- रचनात्मक रूप से प्रतिभा सम्पन्न बालकों के विकास के लिए वर्षभर में कक्षा शिक्षण के अतिरिक्त किये गये उपाय और उनकी सप्रमाण प्रगति सूचक रिपोर्ट।

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Dr. Farbat Singh Assit. Registrar

- आस-पास के क्षेत्र के किसी विशिष्ट समुदाय के लोगों का भाषा सवैक्षण और उनकी शब्दावली का अध्ययन।
- पत्र-पत्रिकाओं में प्रकाशित रचनाओं अथवा नई समकालीन साहित्य की पुस्तकों का अध्ययन, विश्लेषण और उनकी शैक्षणिक समस्याएँ।

सन्दर्भ ग्रन्थ सूची -

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- 8. सिंह डॉ. सावित्री (2001) हिन्दी शिक्षण, मेरठ-1

B.A.B.Ed IV Year

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

PAPER:-VIII A / B

संस्कृत शिक्षण

100 अंक

उद्देश्य –

- 1. भाषा के विभिन्न रूपों की समझ उत्पन्न करना।
- 2. भाषा संरचना की प्रकृति की समझ विकसित करना।
- 3. भाषा कौशल एवं तृतीय भाषा शिक्षण के आधारभूत सिद्धान्त एवं उद्देश्यों का ज्ञान कराना।
- संस्कृत भाषा के विभिन्न कौशलों का पृथक एवं समन्वित शिक्षण कराना।
- 5. संस्कृत की भूगिका व विशेषता एवं उसकी सांस्कृतिक पृष्ठभूमि की समझ उत्पन्न करना।

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- संस्कृत शिक्षण में भाषायी कौशल कथन, श्रवण, पठन, लेखन
 इकाई द्वितीय
 - संस्कृत शिक्षण के विविध रूप
 - i. गद्य शिक्षण vi. उच्चारण शिक्षण
 - ii. पद्य शिक्षण vii. रचना शिक्षण
 - iii. व्याकरण शिक्षण Viii. अनुवाद शिक्षण
 - iv. कहानी शिक्षण
 - v. नाटक शिक्षण उपर्युक्त का सम्प्रत्यय, महत्व, प्रयोग, विभि, प्रविधि, शिक्षण सामग्री व गुण-दोष
 - सूक्ष्म शिक्षण दैनिक पाठ योजना, इकाई योजना एवं सूक्ष्म पाठ योजना
 - नवाचार और भाषा शिक्षण की प्रणाली
 - विविध जन संचार माध्यमों से संस्कृत शिक्षण
 - (अ) परम्परागत -नाटक, अभिनय, कथा, सेमिनार, कार्यशाला
 - (व) संचार माध्यम वेबसाइट्स, विकीपीडिया
 - (i) प्रिंट भीडिया सगाचार पत्र-पत्रिकाएँ, साहित्यिक पुस्तिकाएँ
 - (ii) इलेक्ट्रॉनिक मीडिया रेडियो, यूरदर्शन, फिल्म एवं बहुगाध्यम (मल्टी मीडिया). इंटरनेट, इन्ट्रानेट, भाषा-प्रयोगशाला

इकाई (तृतीय)

- संस्कृत शिक्षण की विधियों -
 - (I) पाणिनी व यास्क के अनुसार।
 - (II) प्रचलित अन्य विधियाँ प्रायोजना विधि, पर्यवेक्षित अध्ययन विधि, प्रत्यक्ष विधि, आगमन–निगमन विधि, अनुवाद विधि, चयन विधि, पाठ्य पुस्तक विधि, सम्प्रेषण उपागम, समग्र उपागम।
 - (III) पाश्चात्य विद्वानों के अनुसार जे.प्याजे, एल. वायगात्सकी, चॉम्सकी जानङ्यूवी।

- 8B

- विधियों का अनुप्रयोग -
 - (i) तृतीय भाषा अधिगम मनोविज्ञान
 - (ii) कक्षा-कक्ष वातावरण और परिरिधतियाँ
 - (iii) शिक्षक-छात्र-पाठ्यपुस्तक व दृश्य श्रव्य सहायक सामग्री की भूमिका
 - (iv) भाषा का व्यवहार में प्रयोग
 - (v) अन्य विषयों के साथ संस्कृत का समन्वय
 - (vi) त्रुटियाँ व उपचारात्मक कार्य
 - (vii) संस्कृत भाषा की चुनौतियाँ
- े (viii) स्वनिम विज्ञान व रूप विज्ञान के रूप में संस्कृत
 - (ix) संस्कृत भाषा परीक्षण एवं गूल्यांकन

इकाई (चतुर्थ)

- पाठयक्रम और पाठ्य सामग्री का निर्माण और विश्लेषण
 - (अ) पाठयचर्या, पाठयक्रम एवं पाठयपुरतकों का सम्बन्ध
 - (य) संस्कृत में दत्त कार्य एवं क्रिया-कलांपों का विकास।
 - (स) अधिगम में संरकृत शिक्षण का महत्त्व विश्व परिदृश्य के सन्दर्भ में।
 - (द) निदात्मक परीक्षण एवं उपचारात्मक शिक्षण-अर्थ, रवरूप महत्व एवं उपयोग।

इकाई (पंचम)

- संस्कृत शिक्षण में आकलन
 - संस्कृत भाषा विकास की प्रगति का आंकलन सतत और समग्र मूल्यांकन स्व-मूल्यांकन, आपसी मूल्यांकन, समूह मूल्यांकन, पोर्टफोलियो।
 - (2) प्रश्नों का स्वरूप समस्या–समाधान सम्बन्धी प्रश्न, सृजनात्मक चिन्तनवाले प्रश्न कल्पनाशीलता को जीवित करने वाले प्रश्न, गतिविधि और टास्क (खुले प्रश्न, बहुविकल्पीय, सत्य–असत्य वाले, मिलान वाले प्रश्न)
 - (3) फीड वैक (विद्यार्थी, अभिभावक और अध्यापक) और रिपोर्ट
 - (4) प्रश्न-पत्र निर्माण एवं नील-पत्र

समसामयिक कार्य

3

Dr. Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar Acad.l

10 अंक

2. निम्न में से कोई एक

10 अंक

- अपने पड़ौस के 05 विद्यालयों का भ्रमण कर त्रिभाषा सूत्र की रियति की रिपोर्ट तैयार करना।
- संविधान में भारतीय भाषाओं सम्बन्धी अनुशंसाएँ तथा राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति पी.ओ.ए. द्वारा संस्तुत भाषा सम्बन्धी सिफारिशों पर रिपोर्ट तैयार करना।
- ि किसी एक संस्कृत कवि का विस्तृत परिचय देते हुए संस्कृत में उनके योगदान पर आलेख तैयार करना।
- किसी एक संस्कृत पत्रिका की समीक्षा।
- संवाद शिक्षण को प्रभावी बनाते हुए अधिगम सामग्री तैयार करना।
- पत्र पत्रिकाओं में प्रकाशित किसी लेख का संस्कृत में अनुवाद।
- ष्ठायाचित्राधारित शिक्षाप्रद कथा लेखन।

सन्दर्भ ग्रन्थ -

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 फैज वाजार।
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B.A.B.Ed IV Year

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

PAPER:-VIII A / B

English Teaching

Dr. Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar Objectives-

The student-teachers will be able to-

Develop an understanding of the principles of English languageteaching.

- 2. Acquire knowledge of the objectives of teaching English as a secondlanguage.
- 3. Develop their own linguistic, grammatical and communicative competence.
- Develop ability to teach language skills such as listening, speaking, reading and writing and integrate them for communicative purposes.
- Acquire knowledge of different approaches and methods of teaching English as a secondlanguage.
- Prepare annual Plans, unit Plans and lesson plans of Englishlanguage.
- Choose, prepare and use appropriate audio –visual teaching aids for effective teaching of English as a secondLanguage.
- 8. Use various techniques of testing English as a secondlanguage.
- 9. Develop remedial material and conduct remedialteaching.

COURSE CONTENT

UNIT - I - FOUNDATION OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING

- Concept of language, language acquisition, language-learning,
- · Forms of English- formal, informal, written andspoken
- Importance of teachingEnglish
- Principles of second language teaching
- Difference between teaching of content based subjects and skill basedsubjects
 - Objectives of teaching English language (a) Skill based- LSRW (b) Competency based- linguistic competence and communicative competence.

UNIT - II - TEACHING OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE SKILLS

 Listening: (i) Concept of listening in second language (ii) The phonetic elements involved in listening at the receptive level (Monopthongs, Diphthongs, Consonants, pause, Juneture, Stress, Accent, Beat, Intonation, Rhythm) (iii) Listening skills and their sub-skills (iv) Techniques of teaching listening, Role of teaching aids in

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teaching listening skills (vi) Difference between hearing andlistening

- Speaking, Concept of speaking in English as a second language, Phonetic
 transcription, Use of pronouncing dictionary, The phonetic elements involved in
 speaking at the receptive level, Technique of teaching speaking skills and
 pronunciation practice and drills Ear Training, Repetition, Dialogues and
 conversation
- Reading skills: Concept of reading in second language, Mechanics of reading (Eye span, Pause, Fixations, Regression and Speed), Types of reading: Skimming, Scanning, Silent reading, Reading aloud, Intensive reading. Extensive reading, Genuine reading comprehension, Relating teaching of reading to listening and speaking skills, Role of textbook
- Writing Skills: Concept of writing in first language and the second language, Types
 of composition- oral, written, controlled, guided, contextualized and integrated
 composition Teaching the following items keeping in view their style, ingredients
 and mechanics; Letters (Formal and Informal), Essay, Report, Telegram, E-mail,
 Notice, Précis, Paragraph, Developing Stories, Note making, Correction of Written
 Work.

UNIT – III - METHODOLOHY AND PLANNING OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING

• Approaches, methods and techniques, Whole language approach, Structural-Situational approach, Communicative approach, Task based approach, Eclectic approach, Direct method, Bilingual Method, Audio- lingual method CALL (computer assisted language learning) and CALT (Computer assisted language teaching), Role play, Simulation, Group work and Drill technique, Study the above approaches & methods in the light of -Psychological factors affecting second language learning - Nature of English language - Classroom environment and conditions - Language functions, Planning of English language teaching, Annual plan, unit plan and daily lesson plan - Prose lessons - Content analysis -, Poetry lessons - Components of poetry - The place of poetry teaching in school curriculum. - Concept, aims and objectives of teaching poetry in second language, Grammar lessons-Planning for teaching Grammar and usage -sentence(Affirmative, Negative, Interrogative, Simple,

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Dr. Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar Compound, Complex), Verb-patterns, Questiontag, Determiners, Model Auxiliaries,
Tenses, Infinitives, Gerunds, Phrasal verbs and idioms, Concord, Active and passive
voice, Direct and indirect speech, Punctuations.

UNIT - IV-RESOURCES IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING

- · Concept and use of A.V. aids in the teaching of English
- Resources for Teaching and learning English-Text books, work books, teacher's
 hand books, charts, pictures, flash cards, flannel board, tape-recorder, radio, OHP,
 substitution tables, computer, realia, newspapers, magazines, brochures, blackboard,
 white board, Songs, Stories and anecdotes, Language laboratory and Language
 games. Use of community resources and media for language development,
 Qualities, Responsibilities and Professional ethics of languageteacher

UNIT - V - ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION IN ENGLISH

Concept of assessment and Evaluation in English, Concept, Need and Techniques of
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) in English. Types of tests Achievement test, Proficiency test, Diagnostic test, Prognostic test. Testing language
skills, Lexical and Structural items, Poetry and Grammar. Preparation of an
Achievement test. Concept and need of remedialteaching.

SESSIONAL WORK:-

1. ClassTest

10marks

2. One ofthefollowing

10marks

- Planning of 10 vocabulary building exercises and techniques toteachthe students in the classroom.
- Identification of learning difficulties experienced by student teachers during teaching practice
- Review of two articles related to teaching and learning of English from educational
 journals, magazines ornewspapers.
- Preparing an action plan for improving any of the following skills: reading skill, speaking skill, listening skill or creativewriting.

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 Kalpana Publications, Jaipur
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B.A.B.Ed IV Year 31 (4) PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECTPAPER:-VIII A / B Urdu Teaching

OBJECTIVES:-Marks-100

On completion of the course the student teacher will be able to :-

- Understand the basic concepts and functions of language with special reference to urdu.
- Acquire knowledge of objectives of teaching urdu at the secondarystage.
- Acquire knowledge of different methods of teaching urdu at the second carystage.
- · Plan and Teach lesson in urdu prose, poetry, Drama, Grammar, and Composition.
- · Under stand constructive approach to language Teaching and Learning.
- Prepare unit plans, Daily lesson plans and to analyse the subject content in terms of language skills and Teaching objectives.
- Develop and use of teaching aids in the class room both Print and Audio-Visual materials and ICT (internet and computertechnology)
- Develop and insight in to the symbiotic relationship between curriculum syllabus and Textbooks.
- Knowledge of Evaluation system in urdu and to methodically prepare exams and test paper inurdu.
- · Conduct remedial teaching inurdu.

CONTENT:-

UNIT-I

- Concept of language (verbal & Nonverbal) Concept of language learning andAcquisition function of language, Communication, Transmission of culture and medium ofinstruction.
- · Multilingualism as aresource.
- Origin and Development of urdulanguage.
- · Language skills, Listening and Art of listening

.Speaking- Pronunciation, Recitation and Punctuation.

Reading- Aloud, silent, Intersive and Extensive.

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Reading comprehension, Reading defects and theircure.

Writing- Knowledge of urdu scripts-khat-e-naskh-khat-e-nastaliq and khat-e-shikast.

- · Teaching of alphabats, punctuation qualities of good handwriting.
- · Letter writing (Formal andInformal)
- · Essaywriting.

UNIT-II

- · Objectives of teaching urdu at secondary stage ofeducation.
- Problem of Teaching and learning urdu and their solutions.
- Place of urdu language in the present educational system prevalent in the state of Rajasthan.
- Relation of urdu with other Indianlanguage.

UNIT-III

- · Methods of teachingurdu.
- Translation method.
- · Directmethod.
- · Play waymethod.
- · Structuralmethod.
- Teaching of various forms of urdu Literature(i) Prose(ii) Composition (iii) Grammar
 (iv) Poetry, Ghazal, Nazam and Drama.
- · Co-curricularActivities.

UNIT-IV

- Planning for teaching urdu: Need and importance ofplanning
- ContentAnalysis.

Yearly plan, Unit plan and Daily lesson plan.

- Audio visual Aids-Need and importance of Audio-visual Aids, Types of Audio-visual aids.
- · Appropriate use of Teachingaids.
- Planning of urdu lab and itsuse.
- Qualities of good urduTeacher.

UNIT-V

Purpose of concept of Evalution inurdu.

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Dr. Farbalt Singh Asstt. Registrar Techniques of Evaluation, Teacher made Test, Examination paper Design and Blue print, various types of questions and their use for Evaluation.

Assignments :-

1. ClassTest

10marks

2. Any one of thefollowing: -

10marks

- · Analysis of one text book prescribed at the secondarystage.
- Writing knowledge, understanding and skill objectives of teaching prose and poetry withspecification(5 each)
- · Preparation of two teaching aids useful for Urduteaching.
- · Prepare activities for listening, speaking, reading and writing (5each)
- Preparation of objective TypeTest.
- · Prepare three activities to develop the writing skill of class VIstudent.

REFERENCES:-

1. Inamullahsharwani

"Tadrees-e-zaban-e-urdu" usmaniabook

depot,1-25 Rabindra saraus cal-73.

2. KhanRasheedHasan

"Urdu Kaise Likhen" Maktaba Jamia limited

jamia nagar, New Delhi 1997.

3. KhanRasheedHasan

"Ibadat Kaise Likhen' Maktaba jamialtd.jamia

nagar New Delhi1997.

4. MaulviAbdul

"Quwaid-c-urdu" Anjuman Taraggi urdu (Hindi)

New Delhi.

5. Moinuddin

"udru zaban ki Tadrees" National councilfor

Promotion of urdu Language (NCPUL) New Delhi-

2000

6. Moinuddin

"Hum urdu Kaise Parhayen" NUPUL, west

block R.K.Purum New Delhi 2000.

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AliaktharHashmi

"Sanvi madaris mein Tadrees" (NCPUL)New

Delhi1998.

8. NaqviNoor-ul-hasan

"Tadrees-e-Aadab urdu"2004, Educationbook

house, Aligarh.

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B.A.B.Ed IV Year

31(5) PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT PAPER:- VIII A/B HISTORY TEACHING

Marks-100

Objectives:-

To enable the student teachers to understand the importance of listory.

- To enable the student teachers to develop an understanding of aims and objectives of teaching of History.
- To enable the student teachers to construct and analyze critically the curriculum and textbooks of teaching History at secondarystage.
- 3. To provide knowledge of different methods /devices of teaching History.
- 4. To acquaint the student teachers with latest information technology.
- To help the student teachers to understand the role of current events in teaching of History.
- To emphasize the role of History in developing the national integration and international understanding.
- 7. To develop an interest in teaching of History.

Unit I

- 1.1 Meaning, nature and scope of history as a school subject, role and importance of history in school curriculum andlife.
- 1.2 Aims and objectives of history, values of teaching history (moral, spiritual, social, cultural and esthetic) relation of history with other subjects of Social and Natural Science and Literature
- 1.3 A study of instructional objectives with special reference of new bloom's taxonomy and statement of objectives in behavioral terms.
- 1.4 Approaches: Current events Approach, Mass-media Approach Interdisciplinary Approach, ConstructivismApproach.

Unit-2

- 2.1 Models of teaching:
 - a. Discoverymodel

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- b. Value Attainment model
- c. Enquiry model

2.2 Methods of teaching:

- a. Lecturemethod
- b. Projectmethod
- c. Supervisedstudy
- d. Story-TellingMethod
- e. BiographicalMethod
- f. SourceMethod

2.3 InnovativePractices

- a. Brain-storming
- b. Dramatization
- g. Co-operative-Learning
- h. Experiential-Learning

2.4 Planning:

- a. Annual plan
- b. Unitplan
- c. Lessonplan

Unit - III

- 3.1 a. Teacher as a transformer of cultural & HistoricalHeritage.
 - b. Teacher as afacilitator
 - Qualities and professional growth of a History teacher to face challenges of present era.
 - d. Teacher as a Reflective Practitioner and aResearcher.

3.2 LearningResources

- a. PrintMedia
- b. ElectronicMedia
- c. Multi Media
- d. Visuals
- 3.3 a. Use of communityresources
 - b. FieldTrips

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- c. History resourcescenter
- d. Co-Scholastic activities based on

schoolcurriculum

c. Historyclub

UNIT-IV

4.1

- (a) Indian Historiography: Brief introduction to Indian Historiography-Ancient, Medieval, and Modern. Problems of periodisation. Criteria of Historicaleriticism.
- (b) Teaching of Controversial Issue: Nature of Historical controversies regarding facts. Controversies interpretation of facts. Objectivity and value-judgment in History.

4.2

- (a) History and National Integration :Our National heritage, Unity in diversity. The role of History in promoting national integration.
- (b) History and Inter-National Understanding: Our Human Heritage. The role of History as promoter of internationalism.

4.3

- (a) Content Analysis of History Textbooks at secondarylevel.
- (b) Use of Library and other instructional materials & Source: Primary and Secondary.

UNIT V

- 5.1 Preparation of Challengingassignments.
- 5.2 Criteria for assessing written and practical work in History.
- 5.3 Assessment Modes: Self-assessment, Peer assessment, Group assessment, Learners' profile, Open book exams, Learners'portfolio.

Test & Assignments:-

1. ClassTest

10Marks

2. Any one of thefollowing:-

10Marks

 Preparation of Research Report: Study in Depth in one area of content course in Indian and World History to demonstrate the relevant knowledge in the subject field and its value to the professional growth in the subject.

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- Organization of History Circle: To melude programmes such as reading of papers on Historical topics, Group Discussions, Preparation of reports, Organize excursions to place of Historicalinterest.
- · Preparation of History Practical Note Book:
- (a) Twelve Historical maps six each from Indian and WorldHistory.
- (b) Time Line Charts four each from Indian and WorldHistory.
- (c) A small project based on the study of a Historical event in the locality, personalities, movements, buildings or institutions.
- (d) Group Presentation for Critical appraisal of existing curriculum and text book at schoollevel.

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B.A.B.Ed IV Year 31 (6) PEDAGOGY OF SCHOO SUBJECTPAPER:-VIII A / B ECONOMICS TEACHING

Objectives-Marks-100

To enable student Teachers to:

- Refresh the knowledge about the Meaning, Importance, Nature, Scope and Aims of Economics.
- Acquaint with the Aims, Objectives and Value-outcomes through teaching Economics.
- 3. Develop ability to plan for suitable instructions ineconomics.
- Organize group-activities and project and to use various instructional strategies and methods for effective teaching of thesubject.
- 5. Establish correlation of economics with other school-subjects.
- Develop necessary skills to use various teaching aids, (Particular locally available materialaids).
- Develop skill to successfully use various evaluation techniques and to interpret the
 results.
- 8. Develop appropriate attitude towards the subjects and country'seconomy.
- To enable the students to construct and analyze critically the curriculum and text books of economics at secondarystage.

COURSE CONTENT:-

UNIT I-Nature, Scope and objective.

- Meaning, Nature, Scope of Economics. Place and Importance of Teaching of Economics at secondarylevel.
- Importance of economies in schoolcurriculum.
- · Aims and objectives of teaching economics at differentlevel.
- Bloom's Taxonomy of objectives and Statement of objectives in Behavioral terms with Special reference to Economics.
- · Correlation of economics with school subjects.

UNIT II-Curriculum and planning

Concept and objectives of curriculum.





- Concepts and Principles of Constructing Curriculum of Economies
- Critical Analysis of the existingsyllabus.

UNIT-III Teaching Planning

- Micro Teaching, ContentAnalysis.
- Yearly plan, Unit plan and Daily lesson plan Meaning, Characteristics, Importance andSteps.
- Methods of Teaching:- Lecture Method, Discussion Method, Project Method, Survey Method, Inductive-DeductiveMethod
- Techniques and Devices of TeachingEconomics
 - i) Assignments ii) Seminars iii) Brain Storming iv) Tours and Excursions v)
 Supervised Study vi) CaseStudy

UNIT-IV Teacher, Text Book, Teaching Aids

- Text Book (Meaning, Importance and qualities of a good textbook of Economics),
 Supplementary Material (Meaning and sources).
- · Economics Room -Importance and Equipments.
- Teacher of Economics Importance, Qualities and Competence.
- Teaching Aids Meaning, Importance and Types:
 Uses of Chalkboard, Diagrams, Charts, Table graphs, O.H.P., T.V., Computer with multimedia, Flash Cards, LCD Projector, Interactive Board.

UNIT-V Evaluation

- Evaluation, Meaning and Importance of evaluation. Achievement, Diagonestictest
- Types of Evaluation Oral tests, written tests-Essay type tests, short answer type tests and objective type tests. Purpose and concept of evaluation.
- Objective of basedevaluation
- · Preparation of achievementtest-

Various types of question

Blue print

Preparation of question paper

Sessional Work (20 Marks)

- 1. One test of 10Marks.
- 2. Any one of the following 10Marks.

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- Content analysis and preparation of instructional material related to any unit dubject related to Economics.
- Construction of objective type test items.
- Preparefiveslidesrelatedtoeconomicsteachingcontentatseniorsecondarylevel.
- Critical appraisal of economies syllabus at senior secondary level.
- Preparationof10framesoflinearorbranchingtypeprogrammesonany topic of Economics.

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- Teacher's Manual in economics: Dr.N. Hasen published law, Regional College of Edu. Ajmer.

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B.A.B.Ed IV Year 31(7) PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT PAPER-VIII A/B CIVICS TEACHING

Objectives:- Marks-100

The Pupil-Teacher will be able to Explain and Discuss the Meaning, Nature and Scope of Civics.

- 1. Explain the importance of Civies as a schoolsubject.
- 2. Differentiate between Aims and Objectives of Civies.
- Specify the objectives of teaching Civics at secondarystage.
- Discuss the meaning, preparation, importance and use of different types of learning resources of teaching different topics of Civics at secondarylevel.
- 5. Prepare effective lesson plans for teaching Civics.
- 6. Explain the meaning of Teaching method and Teaching techniques.
- 7. Understand & analyze contemporary issues related with Civics.

Unit- I

- a. Meaning, nature and scope of Civics as a school subject, role and importance of Civics in school curriculum andlife.
- b. Aims and objectives of civics, values of teaching civics (moral, spiritual, social, cultural and Aesthetic) relation of Civics with other subjects of Social and natural Science and Literature.
- A study of instructional objectives with special reference of new bloom's taxonomy and statement of objectives in behavioralterms.
- d. Approaches: current events Approach, mass-media Approach, interdisciplinary Approach, constructivismApproach.

Unit - 2

- a. Models of teaching: Concept Attainment model, Value Attainment model, Jurisprudential model
- Methods of teaching: Lecture method, Discussion method, Projectmethod,
 Supervised study method, Socialized recitation method, Problem-Solving method
- Innovative practices: Brain-storming method, Co-operative-Learning, Experimental-Learning
- d. Planning: Content Analysis, Annual plan, Unit plan, Lessonplan.

Unit - III

- 3.1 a. Teacher as an agent of social change in multicultural-multilingualSociety.
 - b. Teacher as afacilitator.

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- Qualities and professional growth of a Civics Teacher to face challenges of presentera.
- d. Teacher as a Reflective Practitioner and aResearcher.

3.2 LearningResources:

- a. PrintMedia
- b. ElectronicMedia
- c. Multi Media
- d. Visuals

3.3 a. Use of communityresources

- b. Civics resources center
- c. Co-Scholastic activities based on schoolcurriculum
- d. Civicsclub

Unit - IV

- 4.1 Local, State and National Political Structure in India:
 - a. Education for Citizenship.
 - b. Political science in the global context.
 - c. Human right/Child right/Woman'sright.
 - d. Peace and conflictresolution.
 - e. Educational technology and political science(Civics).
 - f. Gender issue incivics.
 - g. Content Analysis of Civics Textbooks of secondarylevel.
- 4.2 Use of Library and other instructionalmaterials.

UNIT- V

- 5.1 Evaluation inCivics:
- a) Preparation of challenging assignments.
- b) Criteria for assessing written and practical work inCivics.
- 5.2 Assessment Modes: Self-assessment, Peer assessment, Group assessment, Learners' profile, Open book exams, Learners'portfolio.

Assignments :-

1. Class Test

2. Any one of thefollowing: -

10marks

10marks

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- Peer interaction (Peer Educators) and group work on selected areas taken from school syllabus.
- 2. Analysis of Curriculum Policies/Documents and existing schoolcurriculum.
- Group Presentation for critical appraisal of existing political science (Civics)
 curriculum and text books at schoollevel.
- 4. Development and organization of political sciencesociety.
- 5. Study of a selected problem of community life related with the area ofcivies.
- 6. Development and execution of a project ofcivies.
- 7. Collection of source materials related withcivics.
- Content analysis of the syllabus of the grade which has been taught by the student teacher with special referenceof:
 - a. Identification of concept.
 - b. Identification of life-skill.
 - c. Identification of activities and experiments.

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B.A.B.Ed IV Year 31(8) PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT PAPER:- VIII A/B GEOGRAPHY TEACHING

Objectives :-

To enable the Pupil - Teachers to:

- 1. Develop an understanding of the meaning, concept and need for learningGeography.
- Understand the aims and objectives of teachingGeography.
- 3. Make use of various methods of teaching Geography.
- Develop the power of analysis, reasoning and judgment through different practical activities.
- Develop proper understanding of nationalism and internationalism through Geography teaching.
- Acquaint the Pupil teachers with the preparation and use of different Resources of Geography.

Unit - 1

1.1 Meaning, Nature and scope of Geography as a school subject, Role and Importance of Geography in School curriculum andlife.

Emerging concepts and trends in Geography:

- (a) Geography as a description of theearth.
- (b) Geography as a study of natural phenomena and their effect onman.
- (c) Geography as a study of Landscape-Physical andcultural.
- (d) Geography as a study of realdifference.
- (c) Geography as a study of spatialrelationships.
- (f) Geography as a study of unifying and integrating discipline.
- 1.2 Aims and objectives of Geography: Values of teaching Geography (moral, spiritual, social, cultural and Esthetic) relation of Geography with other subjects of Social, Natural Science and Literature
- 1.3 A study of instructional objectives with special reference of new bloom's taxonomy and statement of objectives in behavioral terms.

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DryFarbat Singh Asstt. Registrar 1.4 Approaches: Current Events Approach, Mass-media Approach, interdisciplinary Approach, constructivismApproach.

Unit - 2

- 2.1 Models of teaching in reference of Geography teaching:
 - o Concept Attainmentmodel
 - o Value Attainmentmodel
 - o Inquiremodel
 - o Discoverymodel

2.2 Methods ofteaching:

- o Problemsolving
- o Regional method
- o Projectmethod
- o Supervisedstudy
- o Laboratorymethod
- o Demonstration method
- o Inductive & Deductive method

2.3 InnovativePractices:

- o Brain -stormingmethod
- o Co-operative-Learning
- o Experimental-Learning

2.4 Planning:

- o ContentAnalysis
- o Annualplan
- o Unitplan
- o Lessonplan

Unit - III

3.1

- o Role of a teacher for conservation of natural resources &environment.
- o Teacher as afacilitator
- Qualities and professional growth of a geography teacher to face an ecological challenge of presentera.
- o Teacher as a Reflective Practitioner and aResearcher.

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3.2 Learning Resources o3.3

Unit - IV ElectronicMedia

- o MultiMedia
- o Visuals
- o Use of communityresources
- o Field Trips : Local & Regional
- o Geography resourcecenter
- o Co-scholastic activities based on schoolcurriculum
- o Geographyclub
 - 4.1 a. Local Geography: It's meaning significance and use as method ofstudy.
 - b. Regional Geography: Its meaning and significance, concept of regionalism.
 - 4.2 a. Content Analysis of Textbooks of Geography at secondarylevel.
 - b. Use of Library and other instructional materials related with Geography.

UNIT-V

- 5.1 Preparation of Challengingassignments.
- 5.2 Criteria for assessing written and practical work incivics.
- 5.3 Assessment Modes: Self-assessment, Peer assessment, Group assessment, Learners' profile, Open book exams, Learners'portfolio.

Assignments:-

1. ClassTest

10marks

2. Any one of thefollowing: -

10marks

- Each pupil teacher is required to conduct and prepare a brief report on anyone of the following:
- (i) Socio-Economic/Demographic survey of a village as aGeography.
- (ii) Land utilization survey of avillage.
- (iii) Traffic survey of atown.
- (iv) Any other survey of a similarnature.
- Geographic description of a place. Participation in seminars and writing of reports.
 Each student is required to participate in at least two seminars on varied aspects of Geography and submitreports.

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Dr. Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar Acad.I Presentation of Geographic data through maps and diagrams. Students are required to prepare ten such exercises in the form of analbum.

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- 7. Garnet Ohio, (1965) Fundamental in School Geography, London, Harrap and Co.
- 8. Gospil, G.H. (1965) The teaching of Geography, London, Macmillan and Co.
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B.A.B.Ed IV Year 31 (9) PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECTPAPER:-VIII A / B

SOCIAL STUDIES TEACHING OBJECTIVES:MARKS-100

- 1. To develop an understanding about the concept of SocialStudies.
- 2. To develop an understanding of aims and objectives of teaching of SocialStudies.
 - To acquaint pupil-teachers with different methods, Devices and Techniques of teaching SocialStudies.
 - 4. To acquaint the pupil-teacher with different audio visualaids.
 - 5. Preparation and effective use of teachingaids.
 - 6. Organization of Discussions, Seminar, Tours, Exhibitions and Practicalactivities.
 - 7. To develop the skill of preparation of lesson plan and itspresentation.
 - 8. Analysis of present day problems in socialcontext.
 - To develop the skill of preparation and evaluation of questionpapers.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT-I Nature, Scope and objective.

- · Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of SocialStudies.
- Aims and objectives of Teaching of Social Studies. Writing objectives with respect to Bloom's Taxonomy
- Relationship of Social Studies with other subjects.

UNIT II-Curriculum and planning

- · Concept and objectives of curriculum.
- · Concepts and Principles of Constructing Curriculum of SocialStudies
- Critical Analysis of the existingsyllabus.

UNIT-III Teaching Planning

- Meaning, Importance & Use of Audio Visual Aids Chalk board, maps, globe, models, charts, graphs, flash cards, radio, T.V, computer, Over Head Projector, LCD Projector.
- Social studies text book Need andQualities.
- Unit Plan, Lesson plan Need, Importance and Steps of writing it in teaching of socialstudies.

300

UNIT- IV Methods and Techniques

- 1. Social studies teacher Qualities and Role in GlobalPerspective
- Methods of teaching of social studies— Lecture, Discussion, Socialized recitation, source and Projectmethod
- Devices and techniques of teaching social studies Narration, Description, Illustration, Questioning, Assignment and Field trip.
- 4. Social studies room Need & Importance and Equipment.

UNIT -V Evaluation

- Utilizing Current Events and Community Resources in teaching of social studies at Secondarylevel
- Critical evaluation of existing curriculum of social studies at secondarystage.
- Evaluation in Social Studies Modern concept and types of tests; designing a Blue
 Print for a questionpaper.

Sessional Work (20 Marks)

1. Onetest

10Marks

2. Any one ofthefollowing.

10 Marks

- Content analysis and preparation of instructional material related to any unit of subject related to SocialStudies.
- Construction of objective type testitems.
- Prepare five slides related to Social Studies teaching content at senior secondary level.
- Critical appraisal for Social Studies syllabus at senior secondarylevel.
- Preparation of 10 frames of linear or branching type programmes on any topic of SocialStudies.

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B.A.B.Ed IV Year

31 (10) PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL

SUBJECTPAPER:-VIII A / B

Home Science Teaching

100 Marks

Objectives:

To enable the student teachers to:

- 1. Develop an understanding of aims, objectives and scope of teaching HomeScience.
- 2. Create interest among student teachers in teaching of HomeScience.
- Understand the terms and concepts of teaching of Home Science and their use in classroomsituations.
- Develop understanding and skills of using various teaching methods and teaching aids in teaching of Home Science.
- Train the student teachers to use problem-solving approach in problems related to homelife.
- 6. Develop practical skills to organize various activities related to HomeScience.
- 7. Develop competencies and skill for effective evaluation in HomeScience.

COURSE CONTENT:

UNIT-I

Meaning, importance, principles and scope of home science, objectives of teaching of home science at secondary level. Behavioural objectives: Meaning and importance of behavioural objectives, steps for preparing behavioural objectives for teaching of home science. Place of home science in Secondary School curriculum, Curriculum Construction-Principles and critical analysis of existing school curriculum of Home Science. Correlation-Meaning, importance, types of correlation and correlation of Home Science with different subjects.

UNIT-II

- a) Micro teaching skills relevant in Homescience.
- b) Lesson Planning: Meaning, importance and essentials of lesson planning. Use of Demonstration method, Discussion method, Project method, Laboratory method, Problem solving method and Field trips in teaching of HomeScience.

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UNIT-III

Role of school and teacher in teaching of home science. Qualities, qualification and competencies of a home science teacher. Organization of Home Science Department. Home Science Laboratory-Concept and importance, planning of space and equipment for Home Science Laboratory.

UNIT-IV

Meaning, Importance, Essential Role, Qualities and limitations of Home Science text books. Audio-visual Aids: Meaning, importance and classification of audio-visual aids. Preparation of low-cost teaching aids.

UNIT-V

Concept of assessment and Evaluation in home science, Concept, need and techniques of Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) in home science. Types of tests - Achievement test, Proficiency test, Diagnostic test, Prognostic test. Preparation of an Achievement test. Concept and need of remedial teaching.

Assignments :-

1. ClassTest

10marks

2. Any one of thefollowing:-

10marks

- · Food its constituents, functions and sources.
- · Care and maintenance of cotton, wool, silk and synthetics.
- · Importance of care of thechild.
- · Cleaning and polishing of brass, silver, glass and plasticarticles.
- Guidelines for making flower arrangement andrangoli.
- ImmunizationSchedule
- Organisation of mid-day meals inschools

REFERENCES:

- Begum, Fahmeeda (2006). Modern Teaching of Home Science. New Delhi: Anmol Publications.
- 2. Bhargava, Priya (2004). Teaching of Home Science. New Delhi. Commonwealth

Publishers.

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- 7. Kapoor, Ritu (1994). Teaching of Home Science. Ludhiana: Parkash BookDepot.
- 8. Mago, Neelam Teaching of Home Science. Ludhiana: TandonPublications.
- Seshaiah, Ponnana Rama (2004). Methods of Teaching Home Science. New Delhi: Discovery PublishingHouse.
- Sharma, Shaloo (2002). Modern Methods of Teaching Home Science. Sarup & Sons,
 NewDelhi.
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B.A.B.Ed IV Year

31 (11) PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECTPAPER:-VIII A / B

Drawing and Painting Teaching

. 100 Marks

Objectives:

To enable student eacher to:

Develop the skill of using various teaching methods for teaching of Arts.

1. Develop the Aesthetic sense.

2. Acquaint the students with different techniques ofpainting.

3. Develop imagination and sense of appreciation of Arts and interest in teaching ofart.

 Learn and understand the principles, concept, and elements of art and to apply them in teaching and dailylife.

COURSE CONTENT:

UNIT-I

What is Art: Concept and Scope of Art.

- Origin & development of Art in India with special reference to Pre-historic & Mughal period.
- · Importance of Art in Life and Education.
- · Principles of Art.

UNIT-II

- · Aims and objective of teachingArt.
- · Elements of Art.
- Art &Society.
- (a) Stages of Development in ChildArt.
- (b) Principles of curriculum construction at secondarylevel.
- · Qualities of Goodposter.
- Design –Its meaning &types.
- · Colour-Types and effects.
- Importance of Colours inlife.
- Elements of GoodLandscape.
- Appreciation of Art.

UNIT-III

- · Significance of Fine Art & its correlation with other schoolsubjects.
- · Six limbs of Indian Art(Shadanga).
- Importance of Field trips and Excursions in Art.
- The importance of Exhibitions & Competitions in encouraging creative expression amongStudents.

UNIT-IV

- · Qualities and functions of anArt-teacher.
- · Methods of teachingart:

Lecture cum Demonstration method.

Direct Observation method.

Method of Imagination and Free Expression.

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- Contribution of artists: Amrita Shergill, Shobha Singh, Rabindranath tagore and SatishGujral
- Importance of art Room and itsrequirements.

UNIT-V

Micro teaching

Yearly, Unit,& Lesson planning to teach:

Still life, Design, Landscape, Composition, Poster.

Assignments :-

1.ClassTest

10marks

2. Any one of thefollowing -

10marks

Practical work to be submitted by students during the session:

Size-1/2 Imperial Size Sheet. One Canvas in size 18'X 22' to be submitted along with the sheets.

I. Landscapes -2

II. Still life -2

III. Poster -2

IV. Composition -2

REFERENCE

Brown, Percy (1953). Indian Painting, Calcutta.

- 2. Chawla, S.S. (1986). Teaching of Art. Patiala: Publication Bureau, PunjabiUniversity.
- 3. Harriet, Goldstein (1964). Art in Everyday Life. Calcutta: Oxford and IBHPublishing
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- 5. Lowenfeld Viktor. Creative and MentalGrowth.
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- 8. Read, Herbert. Education through art[paperback].
- 9. Shelar, Sanjay. Still Life. JyotsnaPrakasha

B.A.B.Ed IV Year

31 (12) PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL

SUBJECTPAPER:-VIII A / B

Music Teaching

Marks - 100

Objectives:

To enable student teacher:-

- 1. To understand the importance aims and objectives of teaching of Indian Music.
- 2. To provide knowledge of different methods and techniques of teachings
- 3. To acquaint student teacher with latest teachingskills.
- 4. To equip with various Ragas and differenttalas.
- 5. To enable student teachers to organisecompositions.

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Dr Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar To develop understanding and aesthetic sense, time sense, tolerance and self confidence instudent.

Unit - 1 Music: Brief Introduction

- A brief history of the development of various school of Indian music (Vocal and Instrumental) their characteristic and chiefexponents.
- Aims and objectives of teaching of music at the various stages of the Secondary Level and Senior Secondary Level.
- Important branches of music and their forms: Brief comparative study of Northern and Southern Music.
- · Correlation of music with other schoolsubjects.

Unit - 2 Music in School Curriculum

- Importance of music in schoolcurriculum
- Music classroom equipments and other instructionalmaterials
- · Voice training, ear training, correct posture of singing
- Role of music in personalitydevelopment

Unit - 3 Micro-Teaching & Skills

- Methods of TeachingMusic.
- Lesson development planning thelesson.
- · Presenting, evaluating and reviewing thelesson.
- Helping musical growth at various grades through selection, organization and application of instructional material and adaption of local and regional motives suitablefor.
- Audio-visual aids and their use in teaching of music.

Unit - 4 Biographies of following eminent musicians:

- SwamiHaridas
- Tansen
- Pt. Vishnu DigambarPaluskar
- Pt. V.N. Bhatkhande

Unit - 5 Types of Tals & Ragas

Knowledge of following Tals- Teen Tal, Rupak, Darda, Kehrwa 'bantal, Ektal,
 Chartal.

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- Knowledge of different part of instrumentsTanpura/Ektar/Tabla
- Concept of Raga and their lakshanes. Types of Ragas. Bilawal, Yaman, Khamaj, Kafi, Bhairay.

SESSIONALS:-

1. Class Test

10 marks

Any one

10 marks

Every student will be required to write one assignment on any one of the following topics or any other related topic not included in the concerned paper to be prepared within ten pages:

- Working knowledge of and performing ability in one instrument other than Tabla for pupil teachers of vocal music and working knowledge of performing ability in vocal music and Tabla for pupil teacher of instrumental musical.
- Ability to describe and to compose in the following Ragas:-Alhaiva Bilawal, Yaman, Bhairav, Kafi, Asavari, Khamaj Des, Bihag and Malkauns.
- · Music and Folkmusic.

REFERENCES:-

- Awasthi, S.S.A., Critique of Hundustani Music and Music Education, Jalandhar: Adhunik Printer, 1964
- Bhatkanda, V.N., Karmik Pustak Malika Laxme Narayan Garg, Sangeet Karyalaya, Hathras
- 3. Nhatnagar, S., Teaching of Music, Shimla: Monika Prakashan, 1988.
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B.A.B.Ed IV Year

31-(13) PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECTPAPER:-VIII A / B

Psychology Teaching

100 marks

Objectives

After completion of the course the pupil teachers will be able :

- To enable an understanding about the meaning, nature, scope of psychology Education.
- To enable the distinction and overlap between psychology and educational psychology.
- 3. To enable the role of various methods and approaches of teachingpsychology.
- To enable Approaches to organization of psychology curriculum and Methodology of developing curricularmaterials
- 5. To enable appropriate strategies for the transaction of psychologycurriculum.
- 6. To enable use different media, materials and resources for teachingpsychology.

UNIT I Introduction of Psychology

- Modern concept of Psychology
- Brief account of the development of modern scientific Psychology from Psychophysics
- · Nature of Psychology as ascience
- · Subject matter of Psychology

UNIT-2 Need of Psychology

- Place of Psychology in modern life (a brief and generalaccount)
- Contributions of Psychology in the various personal, familial, social, educational, occupational and clinical aspects of humanlife
- Importance of Psychology in the school curriculum its unique nature and place in human life, correlation with other disciplines and its importance in developing understanding about self and otherpeople

UNIT-3 Aims and objectives of teaching Psychology

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Dr. Farbat Singh Assit. Registrar

- Cognitive knowledge, understanding analysis, synthesis and evaluation of human behaviouraround
- Effective development of right values, attitudes, interest and motivation related to study of humanbehaviour
- Development of scientific outlook and skills towards human beings and in using psychological methods andtools

UNIT-4 Teaching strategies

- · Class room based lecture, discussion, seminar, workshop, modelling
- Laboratory based experimental studies
- Field based survey, project, field visit of variousform
- Observation
- Clinical casestudy

UNIT-5 Pedagogical analysis of content

- · A general overview and contentanalysis
- · Determination of behavioural objectives
- · Selection of teachingstrategies
- · Achievement Testconstruction

Assignments :-

1. ClassTest

10marks

- 2. Any one of thefollowing: -
- 10marks
- Case study of an adolescentlearner
- · Case study of a learner with specialneeds
- Plan and implementation of one lesson using constructivist approach/ 5 E/Brain
- · Based Principles oflearning
- · Administration & Experiment on i) Memory Retention, ii) Perception, iii) Imagination

REFERENCE

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- 4. Chauhan, S.S.: Advance Educational Psychology (Vikas Publishers, Delhi) .

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- 5. Dutt, N.K.: Psychological Foundation of Education (Doaba PublishingHouse)
- 6. Educational Psychology: Jitendra Mohan, Willey EasternLimited
- 7. Educational Psychology Shukla and Saffaya
- 8. Jaiswal, S.R.: Educational Psychology (Allied publishers-HindiVersion)
- Saraswat, Malti: Introduction to Educational Psychology, (Alok Publishers- Hindi Versions)
- 10. Shiksha Manovigyan : P. D. Pathak, Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra
- 11. Shiksha Manovigyan : Arun Kumar Singh (BhartiBhawan)
- 12. Shiksha Mein Nirdeshan Aur Paramarsha : Shiyaram JaiswalVinodPustak Mandir
- 13. Uchchatar Shiksha Manovigyan : S. P. Gupta Sarada, Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad.

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or. Farbat Singh Asstt. Registrar