

# Maharaja Surajmal Brij University

Bharatpur (Raj.)
SYLLABUS
CHEMISTRY
M.Sc. Previous

Only For Session 2020-21 Session 2021-22

When

अकादिनिक प्रभारी महाराजा स्रजनल बृज विश्वविद्यालय भरतपुर (राज.)

Syllabus M.Sc. Chemistry

#### M.Sc. Chemistry (Previous)

(Two Year Course)

Note: In each question paper 10 questions will be set, Candidates have to answer any 5 questions selecting at least one question from each unit.

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Paper	Course No.	Course	Duration Hours	Max. Marks	Min. Marks	
Paper-I	CH-401	Inorganic	3	100	36	
		Chemistry				
Paper-II	CH-402	Organic Chemistry	3	100	36	
Paper-III	CH-403	Physical	3	100	36	
		Chemistry			A STREET	
Paper-IV	CH-404	Spectroscopy-I	3	75	27	
Paper-V	CH-405	Spectroscopy-II	3	75	27	
Practical			18 hrs.	200	72	
*For students without Mathematics in B-Sc.		Total Marks:	650	THE SHARE THE		

Total Marks:

650

\*\*For students without Biology in B.Se.

M Se 2nd Vear (Final)

Paper	Course No.	Course	Duration Hours	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
Paper-I	CH-501	Applications of Spectroscopy, Photochemistry and Solid State Chemistry	3 hrs.	100	36
Paper-II	CH-502	Bioinorganic     Chemistry     Bioorganic     Chemistry     Biophysical	3hrs.	75	27
Paper-III	CH-503	ENVIRONMENTAL CH	EMISTRY	50	18
Paper-IV	CH-504	Elective Paper	3hrs.	50	
Paper-V	CH-505	Elective Paper	3hrs.	50	18 18
Paper-VI	CH-506	Elective Paper	3hrs.	50	18
Paper-VII	CH-507	Elective Paper	3hrs.	50	18
Seminars	Internal	-	3hrs.	25	9
Practical			18 hrs.	200	72
		Total Marks:	The state of the s	650	STATE OF SERVICE

Grand Total: M.Sc. 1st Yr. (Previous) & 2nd Yr. (Final): 1300

The following alternative groups of elective paper are approved for M.Sc. 2 Yr. course

		Elective	Safet
Group-1	CH-504	61	Organ transition Metal Chemistry
	CH-505	02	Bioinorganic and Supramolecular Chemistry
	CH-506	03	Photo inorganic Chemistry
	CH-507	04	Polymers
Groups-II	C11-504	05.	Organic Synthesis-I
	CH-505	06	Organic Synthesis-II
	CH-506	07	Heterocyclic Chemistry
	CH-507	08	Chemistry of Natural Products
Groups-III	C11-504	09	Analytical Chemistry
	CH-505	10	Physical Organic Chemistry
	-506	1)	Chemical Dynamics
	CH-507	12	Electrochemistry

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# M.Sc. I YEAR (PREVIOUS) Paper 1: CH-401 Inorganic Chemistry

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

#### Unit-I

Symmetry and Group Theory in Chemistry Symmetry elements and symmetry operation, definition of group. subgroup, relation between orders of a Finite group and its subgroup. Conjugacy relation and classes. Point symmetry group. Schonflies symbols, representations of groups by metrics (representation for the  $C_n$ ,  $C_{nv}$ ,  $D_{nh}$  etc., groups to be worked out explicitly). Character of a representation. The great orthogonality theorem (without proof) and its importance. Character tables and their uses

#### Unit-II

# Stereochemistry and Bonding in Main Group Element Compounds

VSEPR,  $d\pi$ -p $\pi$  bond. Bent rule and energetics of hybridization, some simple reactions of covalently bonded molecules.

#### Metal-Ligand bonding

Limitations of crystal field theory. Molecular orbital theory: octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes and planar complexes and planar complexes.

#### Metal π. Complexes

Metal carbonyls, structure and bonding, important reactions of metal carbonyls; preparation, bonding, structure and important reactions of transition metal nitrosyl, dinitrogen and dioxygen complexes; tertiary phosphine as ligand.

#### Metal Clusters

Higher boranes, carboranes, metalloboranes and compounds with metal-metal multiple bonds

#### Unit-III

# Electronic Spectra and Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes

Spectroscopic ground states, correlation. Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagrams for transition metal complexes (d¹-d9 states), charge transfer spectra, spectroscopic method of assignment of absolute configuration in optically active metal chelates and their stereochemical information, magnetic exchange coupling and spin crossover.

### Metal-Ligand Equilibria in Solution

Stepwise and overall f rmation constants and their interactions, trends in stepwise constants, factors affecting the stability of metal complexes with reference to the nature of metal ion and ligand, chelate effect and its thermodynamic origin.

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#### Unit-IV

Reaction Mechanism of Transition Metal Complexes Energy profile of a reaction, reactivity of metal complexes, inert and labile complexes, kinetics of octahedral substitution, acid hydrolysis, factors affecting acid hydrolysis, base hydrolysis, conjugate base mechanism, direct and indirect evidences in favour of conjugate mechanism, anation reactions. Substitution reactions in square planar complexes, trans effect, mechanism of the substitution reaction.

Redox reactions, electron transfer reactions, mechanism of one electron transfer reactions, outer sphere type reactions, cross reactions and inner sphere type reactions.

#### Unit-V

Nuclear and Radiochemistry: Laws of radioactive decay; Detection of radiations; Geiger-Nuttal rule; GM tubes and their characteristics; Ionization chamber, Proportional counters, Scintillation counters: Solid state detectors: Calibration of count g equipments; Determination of absolute disintegration rates.

#### **Books Suggested:**

- 1. Chemical Applications of Group Theory. FA. Cotton
- 2. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, F.A. Cotton and Wilkinson, John Wiley.
- 3. Inorganic Chemistry, J.E. Hubeey, Harper & Row,
- 4. Chemistry of the Elements. N.N. Greenwood and A. Earnshow, Pergamon.
- 5. Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy, A.B.P. Lever, Elsevier,
- 6. Magnetochemistr , R.I. Carlin, Springer Verlag,
- Comprehensive Coordination Chemistry eds., G. Wilkinson. R.D. Gillars and J.A. McCleverty. Pergallon.
- Nuclear and Radiochemistry; G. Friedlander, J. W. Kennedy, E. S. Macias and J. M. Miller; 3 Edi.. Wiley: NY, 1981.
- Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry, H. J. Arnikar, 4 Eds., New Age International: N Delhi, India, 2011.
- Nuclear and Radiochemistry: Fundamental and Applications, 2 Vols., Jens-Volker Kratz and Karl Heinrich Lieser; 3 Edn., John Wiley & Sons: UK, 2013.

### Paper II: CH-402 Organic Chemistry

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

#### Unit-I

### Nature of Bonding in Organic Molecules

Aromaticity in benzenoid and non-benzenoid compounds, alternant and nonalternant hydrocarbons. Huckel's rule, energy level of n-molecular orbitals. anti-

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aromaticity, homo aromaticity, Bonds weaker than covalent - addition compounds, Crown other complexes and cryptands.

### Stereochemistry

Conformational analysis of cycloalkanes, decalins, effect of conformation on reactivity, conformation of sugars, strain due to unavoidable crowding, Elements of symmetry, chirality, molecules with more than one chiral centre, threo and erythro isomers, methods of resolution, optical purity. Enantiotopic and diasterectopic atoms, groups and faces. Stereospecific and stereoselective synthesis.

Stereochemistry of the compounds containing nitrogen, sulphur and phosphorus.

#### Unit-II

# Reaction Mechanism? Structure and Reactivity

Types of mechanisms, types of reactions, Thermodynamic and kinetic requirements, kinetic and thermodynamic control, Hammond's postulate, Curtin-Hammett principle. Potential energy diagrams, transition states and intermediates. Effect of structure on reactivity, resonance and field effects, steric effect, quantitative treatment. The Hammett equation and linear free energy relationship, substituent and reaction constants, Taft equation,

# Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitution

The  $S_{N^2}$ - $S_{N^1}$ , mixed  $S_{N^1}$ - $S_{N^2}$ , and SET mechanisms.

The neighbouring group participation by and and bonds, anchimeric assistance. Classical and nonclassical carbocations, phenonium ions, norbonyl system, common carbocation rearrangements. Application of NMR spectroscopy in the detection of carbocation. The S<sub>N</sub>i mechanism Nucleophilic substitution at the allylic, aliphatic trigonal and a vinylic carbon.

# Aliphatic Electrophilic Substitution

Bimolecular mechanisms -  $S_E2$  and  $S_Ei$ . The  $S_E1$  mechanism - electrophilic substitution accompanied by double bond shifts. Effect of substrates, leaving group and the solvent polarity on the reactivity.

# Aromatic Electrophilic Substitution

The arenium ion mechanism, orientation and reactivity, energy profile diagrams. The ortho/para ratio, ipso attack, orientation in other ring systems. Quantitative treatment of reactivity in substrates and electrophiles.

# Aromatic Nucleophilic Substitution

The S<sub>N</sub>Ar, S<sub>N</sub>I, benzyne and S<sub>RN</sub>I mechanisins. Reactivity - effect of substrate structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile.

### Free Radical Reactions

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Types of free radical reactions, free radical substitution mechanism, mechanism at an aromatic substrate, neighbouring group assistance. Reactivity for aliphatic and

aromatic substrates at a bridgehead. Reactivity in the attacking radicals. The effect of salvents on reactivity. Allylic halogenation (NBS), oxidation of aldehydes to carboxylic acids, auto-oxidation,

#### Unit-IV

# Addition to Carbon-Carbon Multiple Bonds

Mechanistic and stereochemical aspects of addition reactions involving electrophiles, nucleophiles and free radicals. Regio- and chemoselectivity. Orientation and reactivity. Addition to cyclopropane ring Hydrogenation of double and triple bonds, hydrogenation of aromatic rings. Hydroboration.

# Addition to Carbon-Hetero Multiple Bonds

Mechanism of metal hydride reduction of saturated and unsaturated carbonyl compounds, acids, esters and nitrites. Addition of Grignard reagents, organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and unsaturated carbonyl compounds, Wittig reaction.

### Elimination Reactions

The E2. El and ElcB mechanisms and their spectrum. Orientation of the double bond. Reactivity - effects of substrate structures, attacking base, the leaving group and the medium. Mecanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination.

#### Unit-V

### Pericyclic Reactions

Molecular orbital symmetry, Frontier orbitals of ethylene, 1,3-butadiene, 1,3,5hexatriene and allyl system. Classification of pericyclic reactions. Woodward-Hoffmann correlation diagrams. FMO and PMO approach. Electrocyclic reactions - conrotatory and disrotatory motions. 4n, 4n+2 and allyl systems. Cycloadditions antarafacial and suprafacial additions. 4n and 4n+2 systems, 2+2 addition of ketones. 1,3-dipolar cycloadditions and chelotropic reactions.

### Books Suggested:

- 1. Advanced Organic Chemistry Reactions, Mechanism and Structure. Jerry March, John Wiley.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg. Plenum.
- 3. A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Peter Sykes. Longman.
- 4. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry. C.K. Ingold. Cornell
- 5. Organic Chemistry. R.T. Morrison and R.N. Boyd. Prentice-Hall.
- 6. Modern Organic Peactions. HO. House, Benjamin.
- 7. Principles of Organic Synthesis. ROC Norman and J.M. Coxon. Blackie Academic & Professional.
- Pericyclic Reactions, S.M. Mukherji. Macmillan, India.

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- Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, S.M. Mukherji and S.P. Singh, Macmillan.
- 10. Stcreochemistry of Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International.
- 11. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, P.S. Kalsi. New Age International

### Paper III: CH-403 Physical Chemistry

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

#### Unit-I

Quantum Chemistry Introduction to Exact Quantum Mechanical Results: The Schrodinger equation and the postulates of quantum mechanics. Discussion of the solutions of the Schrodinger equation to some model systems viz. particle in a box, the harmonic oscillator, the rigid rotor, the hydrogen atom.

Approximate Methods: The variation theorem, linear variation principle. Perturbation theory (up to second order and non-degenerate). Applications of variation method and perturbation theory to Helium atom.

Angular Momentum: Ordinary angular momentum, generalized angular momentum, eigen functions for angular momentum, eigen values of angular momentum, operator using ladder operators.

#### Unit-II

### Thermodynamics

Classical Thermodynamics: Brief resume of concepts of laws of thermodynamics, free energy, chemical potential and entropies. Partial molar properties, partial molar free energy, partial molar volume and partial molar heat content and their significances. Determinations of these quantities. Concept of fugacity and determination of fugacity.

**Non-ideal systems:** Excess functions for non-ideal solutions. Activity, activity coefficient, Debye Huckel theory for activity coefficient of electrolytic solutions; determination of activity and activity coefficients, ionic strength.

Statistical Thermodynamics: Concept of distribution, thermodynamic probability and most probable distribution. Ensemble averaging, postulates of ensemble averaging. Canonical, grand canonical and micro canonical ensembles, corresponding distribution laws (using Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers). Partition functions-Translation, rotational, vibrational and electronic partition functions, calculation of thermodynamic properties in terms of partition functions. Fermi-Dirac statistics, distribution law. Bose-Einstein statistics distribution Law.

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#### Unit-III

### Chemical Dynamics

Methods of determining rate laws, collision theory of reaction rates, steric factor, activated complex theory. Arrhenius equation and the activated complex theory: ionic reactions, kinetic salt effects, steady state kinetics, kinetic and thermodynamic control of reactions, treatment of unimolecular reactions.

Dynamic chain reactions (hydrogen-bromine reaction, pyrolysis of acetaldehyde, decomposition of ethane), photochemical reactions (hydrogen-bromine and hydrogen-chlorine) and homogeneous catalysis, kinetics of enzyme reactions, dynamics of unimolecular reactions (Lindemann. Hinshelwood theories of unimolecular reactions).

#### Unit-IV

### Surface Chemistry

Adsorption: Surface tension, capillary action, pressure difference across curved surface (Laplace equation), vapour pressure of droplets (Kelvin equation). Gibbs adsorption isotherm, estimation of surface area (BET equation), surface films on liquids (Electro-kinetic phenomenon).

Micelles: Surface active agents, classification of surface active agents, micellization hydrophobic interaction, critical micellar concentration (CMC), factors affecting the CMC of surfactants, counter ionbinding to micelles.

#### Macromolecules

Polymer - definition, types of polymers, electrically conducting, fire resistant, liquid crystal polymers. kinetics of polymerization, mechanism of polymerization. Molecular mass, number and mass average molecular mass, molecular mass determination (osmometry, viscometry, diffusion and light scattering methods), sedimentation.

#### Unit-V

### Electrochemistry

Electrochemistry of solutions. Debye-Huckel-Onsager treatment and its extension, ion solvent interact ons. Debye-Huckel-Jerum mode. Thermodynamics of electrified interface equations. Derivation of electro capillarity, Lippmann equations (surface excess), methods of determination. Structure of electrified interfaces. Guoy-Chapman, Stern, Graham Devanathan-Mottwatts, Tobin Bockris, Devananthan models, Overpotentials, exchange current density, derivation of Butler-Volmer equation, Tafelplot.

Polarography theory, Ilkovic equation, half wave potential and its significance.

### **Books Suggested**

- Physical Chemistry. P.W. Atkins, ELBS.
- 2. Introduction to Q antum Chemistry, A.K. Chandra, Tata McGraw Hill.

- 3. Quantum Chemistry. Ira N. Levine, Prentice Hall.
- Coulson's Valerice. R. McWeeny, ELBS.
- 5. Chemical Kinetics. KJ. Laidler, McGraw-Hill.
- Kinetics and Mechanisin of Chemical Transformation. J. Rajaraman and I. Kuriacose. McMillan.
- 7. Micelles, Theoretical and Applied Aspects, V. Moroi, Plenum.
- Modern Electrochemistry Vol. I and Vol. II, I.0'M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Plenum.
- 9. Introduction to Polymer Science, V.R. Gowarikar, N.V. Vishwanathan and J. Sridhar, Wiley Eastern

# Paper IV: CH 404 - Spectroscopy-I

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 75

#### Unit-I

### **Unifying Principles**

Electromagnetic radiation, interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matterabsorption, emission, transmission, reflection, refraction, dispersion, polarisation and scattering, Uncertainty relation and natural line width and natural line broadening, selection rules, intensity of spectral lines.

#### Unit-II

### Microwave Spectroscopy.

Classification of molecules, rigid rotor model, effect of isotopic substitution on the transition frequencies, intensitics, non-rigid rotor, stark effect

#### Unit-III

## Ultraviolet and Visible Spectroscopy

Various electronic transitions (185-800 nm), Beer-Lambert law, effect of solvent on electronic transitions ultraviolet spectra of carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, conjugated polyenes, Fieser-Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds.

#### Unit-IV

Infrared Spectroscopy: Review of linear harmonic oscillator, vibrational energies of diatomic molecules, zero point energy, force constant and bond strengths; anharmonicity, Morse potential energy diagram, vibration-rotation spectroscopy. PQR branches. Breakdown of Oppenheimer approximation; Vibrations of polyatomic molecules. Selection rules, normal modes of vibration, group frequencies, overtones, hot bands, factors affecting the band positions and intensities, far IR region.

#### Unit-V

Raman Spectroscopy: Classical and quantum theories of Raman effect. Pure rotational, vibrational and Vibrational-rotational Raman spectra, selection rules,



mutual exclusion principle. Resonance Raman spectroscopy, coherent antistokes Raman spectroscopy (CARS).

### Books Suggested:

- Modern Spectroscopy, JM Hollas, John Wikey.
- Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy GM Borrow; McGrow Hill.
- Basic principles of Spectroscopy, R. Charge, McGrow Hill.
- 4. Theory and Applications of UV Spectroscopy, H.H. Jaffe and M. Orchin IBH Oxford.
- 5. NMR, NQR, EPR and Morsbaver Spectroscopy in Inorganic Chemistry R.V. Parish. Ellis Harwo.

## Paper V: CH 405 - Spectroscopy-II

Duration: 3 hrs.

### Max. Marks: 75

#### Unit-I

### Electronic Spectroscopy

Atomic Spectroscopy: Energies of atomic orbitals, vector representation of momenta and vector coupling, spectra of hydrogen atom and alkali metal atoms, Molecular Spectroscopy: Energy levels, molecular orbitals, vibronic transitions, vibrational progressions, and geometry of the excited states. Franck-Condon principle.

#### Unit-II

Photoelectron Spectroscopy: Basic principles; photo-electric effect, ionization process. Koopman's theorem. Photoelectron spectra of simple molecules, ESCA.

#### Unit-III

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy: General introduction, Nuclear spin, nuclear resonance, shielding mechanism, chemical shift and its measurements, factors influencing chemical shift, deshielding. Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded to carbon (aliphatic, olefinic, aldehydic and aromatic) and other nuclei (alcohols, phenols, enols, carboxylic acids, amines, amides & mercapto). Spin-spin interactions, coupling constant J, factors influencing coupling constant. Complex spin-spin interaction between two, three, four and five nuclei (ABX, AMX, ABC. A2B2, etc.).

#### Unit-IV

Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy: Basic principles, zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy. Isotropic and anisotropic Hyperfine coupling, spin-orbit coupling and significance of g-tensors, factors attecting the 'g' value, application to transition metal complexes; spin Hamiltonian, spin densities and McConnell relationship,

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#### Unit-V

X-ray Diffraction: Pragg condition, Miller indices, Laue Method, Bragg method. Debye Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals, index reflections, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern.

Electron Diffraction: Scattering intensity vs. scattering angle, Wierl equation, measurement technique, elucidation of structure of simple gas phase molecules. Low energy electron diffraction and structure of surfaces.

### Books suggested:

- 1. Modern Spectroscopy, J.M. Hollas, John Wiley,
- Applied Electron Spectroscopy for Chemical Analysis, Ed. H Windawi & FL. Ho, Wiley Interscience.
- NMR. NOR, EPR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy in Inorganic Chemistry, R.V. Parish, Ellis Harwood.
- Physical Methods in Chemistry, R.S. Drago, Saunders College.
- Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy, G.M. Barrow, McGraw Hill.
- 6. Basic Principles of Spectroscopy, R. Change, McGraw Hill.
- Theory and Application of UV Spectroscopy, H.H. Jaffe and M. Orchin, IBH Oxford.
- 8. introduction to Photoelectron Spectroscopy, P.K. Ghosh, John Wiley.
  - Introduction to Magnetic Resonance, A Carrington and A.D. Maclachalan, Harper & Row.

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Max Marks: 200

### M.Sc (Prev.) PRACTICAL

Duration 14 hrs. (2 days)

### INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Qualitative and Quantitative Analysis

- a) Less common metal ions Ti, Mo, w, Ti, Zr, Th, V, U (two metal ions in cationic/anionic forms)
- b) Insolubles oxides, sulphates and halides
- c) Separation and determination of two metal ions Cu-Ni, Ni-Zn, Cu-Fe involving volumetric and gravimetric methods.

Chromatography

separation of cautions and anions by

- a) Paper Chromatography
- b) Column Chromatography Ion exchange Preparations

Preparations of selected inorganic compounds and their studies by IR, electronic spectra. Mossbauer, ESR, and magnetic susceptibility, measurements. Handling of air and moisture sensitive compunds.

- 1. [VO(acac)<sub>2</sub>]
- TiO(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>8</sub>NO)<sub>2</sub>.2H<sub>2</sub>O

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- dis- $K(Cr(C_2O_4)_2(H_2O)_2]$
- Na[Cr(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(SCN)<sub>4</sub>]
- [Mn(acac)<sub>2</sub>]
- $K_3(Fe(C_2O_4)_3]$
- Prussian Blue, Turnbull's Blue.
- 8. [Co(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>][CO(NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]
- 9. cis-[Co(trien)(NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl.H<sub>2</sub>O
- 10. Hg[Co(SCN)<sub>4</sub>)
- 11. [Co(Py)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>]
- 12. [Ni(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]Cl<sub>2</sub>
- 13. [Ni(dmg)<sub>2</sub>]
- 14. (Cu(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>]SO<sub>4</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O

# ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

### Qualitative Analysis

Separation, purification and identification of compounds of binary mixture, one liquid and one solid using TLC and column chromatography, chemical tests, IR spectra to be used for functional group identification.

Organic Synthesis (at least six to be carried out)

# a) One step Preparations:

- Acetylation: Acetylation of cholesterol and separation of cholesterol acetate by column chromatography.
- Oxidation: Adipic acid by chromic acid oxidation of cyclohexanol /
- Aldol condensation: Dibenzal acetone from benazaldehyde.

# Two step Prepartions

- Aniline  $\rightarrow$  Sym. Tribromoaniline  $\rightarrow$  Sym. Tribromobenzene
- Benzoin → Benzil → Dibenzyl
- $Anuline {\:\rightarrow\:} Dibenzoaminobenzene {\:\rightarrow\:} p\text{-}Aminoazobenzene$ 3.
- Nitrobenzene  $\rightarrow$  m-Dinitrobenzene  $\rightarrow$  m-Nitroaniline 4.
- Phthalic anhydride → Fluorescein → Eosin

The products may be characterised by Spectral Techniques.

# Quantitative Analysis (At least 3 to be performed)

- 1. Determination of the percentage or number of hydroxyl groups in an organic compound by acetylation method
- 2. Estimation of amines / phenols using bromate bromide solution or acetylation

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- Estimation of Sulphur by Messenger or Fusion method.
- 4. Estimation of Nitrogen by Kjeldahl's method.
- 5. Determination of lodine number and Saponification value of an oil sample.
- Determination of DO, COD and BOD of water sample.

### PHYSICAL CHEMP TRY

Number of hours of each experiment 3-4 hours. A list of experiment under different headings is given below. Typical experiments are to be selected from each type. Students are required to perform at least 30 experiments.

#### PART A

# Error Analysis and Statistical Data Analysis

Errors, types of errors, minimization of errors distribution curves, precision, accuracy and combination statistical treatment for error analysis, student 't' test, null hypothesis rejection criteria. F & Q test; linear regression analysis, curve fitting.

Calibration of volumetric apparatus, burette, pipette and standard flask.

#### PART B

#### Adsorption

To study surface tension-concentration relationship for solutions (Gibbs equation). Phase Equilibria

- (i) Determination of congruent composition and temperature of a binary system (e.g., diphenylamine benzophenone system).
- (ii) Determination of glass transition temperature of a given salt (e.g. CaCl<sub>2</sub>) conductometrical y.
- (iii) To construct the phase diagram for three component system (e.g. chloroform-acetic acid water).

### **Chemical Kinetics**

- (i) Determination of the effect of (a) Change of temperature (b) Change of concentration of reactant and | catalyst and (c) Ionic strength of the media on the velocity constant of hydrolysis of an ester/ionic reactions.
- (ii) Determination of the velocity constant of hydrolysis of an ester/ionic reaction in micellar media.
- (iii) Determinatio.. of the rate constant for the oxidation of iodide ions by hydrogen peroxide studying the kinetics as an iodine clock reaction.
- (iv) Flowing clock reaction (Ref: Experiments in Physical Chemistry by Snowmaker) (v) Determination of the primary salt effect on the kinetics of ionic reactions and testing of the Bronsted relationship (iodide ion is oxidized by persulphate ion).
- (vi) Oscillatory reaction. Session 2021-22

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#### Solutions

- Determination of molecular weight of non-volatile and non-electrolyte / electrolyte by cryoscopic method and to determine the activity coefficient of an electrolyte.
- (ii) Determination of the degree of dissociation of weak electrolyte and to study the deviation from ideal behaviour that occurs with a strong electrolyte.

### Electrochemistry

### A. Conductometry

- (i) Determination of the velocity constant, order of the reaction and energy of activation for saponification of ethyl acetate by sodium hydroxide conductometrically:
- (ii) Determination of solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts (e.g., PbSO<sub>4</sub>, BaSO<sub>4</sub>) conductometrically.
- (iii) Determination of the strength of strong and weak acids in a given mixture conductometrically.
- (iv) To study the effect of solvent on the conductance of AgNO<sub>3</sub> / acetic acid and to determine the degree of dissociation and equilibrium constant in different solvents and in their mixtures (DMSO. DMP diaxare, acetone, water) and to test the validity of Debye-Huckel-Onsager theory.
- (v) Determination of the activity coefficient of zinc ions in the solution of 0.002 M zinc sulphate using · Debye Huckel's limiting law.

### B. Potentiometry/pH metry

- (i) Determination of strengths of halides in a mixture potentiometrically.
- (ii) Determination of the valency of mercurous ions potentiometrically.
- (iii) Determination of the strength of strong and weak acids in a given mixture using a potentiometer pH meter.
- (iv) Determination of temperature dependence of EMF of a cell.
- (v) Determination of the formation constant of silver-ammonia complex and stoichiometry of the complex potentiometrically.
- (vi) Acid-base titration in a non-aqueous media using a pH meter.
- (vii) Determination of activity and activity coefficient of electrolytes.
- (viii)Determination of the dissociation constant of acetic acid in DMSO, DMF, acetone and dioxane by titrating it with KOH.
- (ix) Determination of the dissociation constant of monobasic/dibasic acid by Albert-Serjeant method.
- (x) Determination of thermodynamic constants. AG, AS, and AH for the reaction by e n.f. method.

 $Zn+H_2SO_4 \rightarrow ZnSO_2+2H$ 

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#### Polarimetry

- (i) Determination of rate constant for hydrolysis/inversion of sugar using a polarimeter.
- (ii) Enzyme kinetics inversion of sucrose.

#### Reference Books:

- Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis, revised. J. Bassett. R.C. Denney, G.H. Jeffrey and J Mendhan, ELBS.
- Synthesis and Characterization of Inorganic Compounds, W.L. Jolly. Prentice Hall.
- Experiments and Techniques in Organic Chemistry, D.P. Pasto. C. Johnson and M. Miller, Prentice Hall.
- Macroscale and Microscale Organic Experiments, K.L. Williamson, D.C. Health.
- 5. Systematic Qaulitatitve Organic Analysis, H. Middleton. Adward Amold.
- Handbook of Organic Analysis-Qualitative and Quantitative. H. Clar. Adward Arnold.
- 7. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry. A.R. Tatchell, John Wiley.
- 8. Practical Physical Chemistry, A.M. James and F.E. Porichard, Longman.
- 9. Findley's Fractical Physical Chemistry, B.P. Levitt, Longman,
- Experimental Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das and B. Behera, Tata-McGraw Hill.

### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EXAMINERS

M.Sc. (Previous) Chemistry Practical

Duration of Exam: 14 hrs (spread in 2 days)

#### Max Marks: 200

Min. Marks: 72

Inorganic Chemistry

Qualitative and Quantitative Analysis

 (i) Analysis of mixture containing 8 radicals including one radical of rare elements.

Or

Separation and determination of two metal ions Cu-Ni, Ni Zn, Cu-Fe involving volumetric and ravimetric method.

(Both these exercises should be given in equal ratio by lots.)

(ii) Separation of cations and anions by payer chromatography or column chromatography.

Or

Preparation of one selected inorganic compound and its study by IR.

### Organic Chemistry

# (i) Qualitative and Quantitative Analysis

Separation, purification and identification of compounds of binary mixture (one liquid and one solid) Using TLC and column chromatography, chemical tests. IR spectra to be used for functional group determination

Or

Perform one of the quantitative analysis given in syllabus.	
(D. d. d.	30
(Both these exercises should be given in equal ratio by lots	.)

### (ii) Organic synthesis

20

Perform one of the 8 organic syntheses as mentioned in the syllabus and may be characterized by spectral techniques.

### Physical Chemistry

(i) One physical experiment (minor) from Part A of syllabus.	
(ii) One physical experiment ( ) c	30
(ii) One physical experiment (major) from Part B of syllabus. Viva	20
Record	30
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# Maharaja Surajmal Brij University

Bharatpur (Raj.)

**SYLLABUS** 

**CHEMISTRY** 

M.Sc. Final

Session 2021-22

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### Paper-1: CH-501 Applications of Spectroscopy, Photochemistry and Solid State Chemistry

(4 hrs, or 6periods / week)

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

#### Unit-I

### Infrared Spectroscopy

Instrumentation and sample handling, Characteristic vibrational frequencies of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds, alcohols, ethers. phenols and amines. Detailed study of vibrational frequencies of carbonyl compounds (ketones, aldehydes, esters, amides, acids, anhydrides, lactones, lactams and conjugated carbonyl compounds).

#### Unil-II

### Mossbauer Spectroscopy

Basic principles, spectral parameters and spectrum display. Application of the technique to the studies of (1) bonding and structures of Fe<sup>+2</sup> and Fe<sup>+3</sup> compounds including those of intermediate spin, (2) Sn<sup>+2</sup> and Sn<sup>+4</sup> compounds, (3) detection of oxidation state

Optical Rotatory Dispersion (ORD) and Circular Dichroism (CD) and Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes - Definition, deduction of absolute configuration, octant rule for ketones. Spectroscopic method of assignment of absolute configuration in optically active metal chelates and their stereochemical Conformation.

#### Unit-III

### Carbon-13 NMR Spectroscopy

General considerations, chemical shift (aliphatic, olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbon), coupling constants.

### Mass Spectrometry

Introduction, ion production - EI, CI, FD and FAB, factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, ion abundance. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular ion peak, metastable peak. McLafferty rearrangement. Nitros n rule. Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination.

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#### Unit-IV

Photochemical Reactions: Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter, types of excitations, fate of excited molecule, quantum yield, transfer of excitation energy.

**Determination of Reaction Mechanism:** Classification, rate constants and life times of reactive energy states - determination of rate constants of reactions. Effect of light intensity on the rate of photochemical reactions. Types of photochemical reactions, photo-dissociation.

Photochemistry of Alkenes: Intramolecular reactions of the olefinic bond - geometrical isomerisin, isation reactions, rearrangement of 1,4- and 1,5-dienes.

Phetochemistry of Carbonyl Compounds: Intramolecular reactions of carbonyl compounds - saturated, cyclic and acyclic,  $\beta$ - $\gamma$ -unsaturated and  $\alpha$ - $\beta$ -unsaturated compounds, cyclohexadienones.

#### Unit-V

Crystal Defects and 1 on-Stoichiometry: Perfect and imperfect crystals, intrinsic and extrinsic defects point defects, line and plane defects, vacancies - Schottky defects and Frenkel defects. Thermodynamics of Schottky and Frenkel defect formation, colour centres, non-stoichiometry and defects.

Electronic Properties and Band Theory: Metals, insulators and semiconductors, electronic structure of solids, band theory, bond structure of metals, insulators and semiconductors, Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, doping semiconductors, p-n junctions.

Optical properties: Application of optical and electron microscopy. Magnetic Properties - Classification of materials. Effect of temperature, calculation of magnetic moment, mechanism of ferro and antiferromagnetic ordering super exchange,

## Books Suggested (UNIT I, II and III)

- 1. Physical Methods for Chemistry, R.S. Drago. Saunders Company
- Structure Methods in Inorganic Chemistry. E.A.V. Ebsworth. D.W.H. Rankin and S. Cradock, ELBS.
- 3 Infrared and Raman Spectra: Inorganic and Coordination Compounds. K. Nakamoto, Wiley.
- Progress in Inorganic Chemistry vol. 8. ed., 1. Cotton, Vol. 15. ed. S.J. Lippard, Wiley.
- Transition Metal Chemistry ed. RL. Carlin vol. 3 Dekker.
- 6. Anorganic Electronic Spectroscopy. A.P.B. lever. Elsevier.
- NMR. NQR, EPR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy in Inorganic Chemistry R.V. Parish. EllisHorwood.
- Practical NMR Spectroscopy. M. L. Martin. J.I. Delpeuch and G.J. Martin, Heyden.
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- Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compound, R.M. Silverstein. G.C. Bassler and T.C. Morrill. John Wiley.
- Introducton to N<sup>-</sup>1R Spectroscopy, RJ. Abraham. J. Fisher and R. Loftus, Wiley
- 11. Application of Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds. J.R. Dyer, Prentice Hall.
- Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry D. H. Williams. I. Fleming Tata McGrawHillB

#### Books Suggested (UNITIV)

- 1. Fundamentals of Photochemistry, K.K. Rohtagi-Mukherji, Wiley-Eastern.
- Essentials of Molecular photochemistry, A Gilbert and J. Baggott, Blackwell Scientific Publication.
- 3. Molecular Photochemistry, N. J. Turro, W.A. Benjamin.
- 4. Introductory Photochemistry. A. Cox and T. Camp, McGraw-Hill.
- 5. Photochemistry, R.P. Kundali and A. Gilbert. Thomson Nelson.
- Organic Photochemistry, J. Coxon and B. Halton, Cambridge University Press.

#### Books Suggested (UNITV)

- Solid State Chemistry and its Applications, A.R West. Plenum.
- 2. Principles of the Solid State, H.V. Keer, Wiley Eastem.
- Solid State Chemistry, N.B. Hannay.
- 4. Solid State Chemistry, D.K. Chakrabarty, New Wiley Eastern

### Paper-II: CH-502

Bioinorganic Chemistry, Bioorganic Chemistry and Biophysical Chemistry (4 hrs or 6 period/ week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 75

#### Unit-I

Metal Ions in Biological Systems: Bulk and trace metals with special reference to Na, K, Mg, Ca, Fe, du, Zn, Co and K<sup>+</sup>/Na<sup>+</sup> pump. Bioenergetics and ATP Cyclex DNA polymerisation, "lucose storage, metal complexes in transmission of energy, chlorophylls, photosystem I and photosystem II in cleavage of water. Transport and Storage of Dioxygen: Haem proteins and oxygen uptake, structure and function of hacmoglobin, myoglobin, haemocyanin and hemerythrin.

Electron Transfer in Biology: Structure and function of metalloproteins in electron transport processes cytochromes and iron-sulphur proteins.

Nitrogen fixation: Biological nitrogen fixation and its mechanism, nitrogenase.

#### Unit-II

Bioorganic Chemistry: Introduction, Basic considerations. Proximity effects and molecular adaptation. Enzymes: Introduction and historical perspective, chemical

and biological catalysis, remarkable properties of enzymes like catalytic power, specificity and regulation. Nomenclature and classification, extraction and purification. Fischer's lock and key and Koshland's induced fit hypothesis, concept and identification of active site by the use of inhibitors, affinity labeling and enzyme modification by site-directed mutagenesis. Enzyme kinetics. Michaelis-Merten and Lineweaver-Burk plots, reversible and irreversible inhibition.

Mechanism of Enzyme Action: Transition-state theory, orientation and steric effect, acid-base catalysis, covalent catalysis, strain or distortion. Examples of some typical enzyme mechanisms for chymotrypsin. ribonuclease, lysozyme and carboxypeptidase.

#### Unit-III

Co-enzyme Chemistry: Cofactors as derived from vitamins, coenzymes, prosthetic groups, apoenzymes. Structure and biological functions of coenzyme A, thiamine pyrophosphate, pyridoxal phosphate, NAD, NADP FMN. FAD. lipoic acid, vitamin B<sub>12</sub>. Mechanisms of reactions catalyzed by the above cofactors.

Enzyme Models: Host-guest chemistry, chiral recognition and catalysis, molecular recognition, moleculur asymmetry and prochirality. Biominctic chemistry, crown ether, cryplates. Cyclodextrins: Cyclodextrin-based enzyme models, calixarenes, ionophores, micelles, synthetic enzymes or synzymes. Biotechnological Applications of Enzymes: Large-scale production and purification of enzymes techniques and methods of immobilization of enzymes, effect of immobilization on enzyme activity:

#### Unit-IV

Biological Cell and its Constituents: Biological cell, structure and functions of proteins, enzymes, DNA And RNA in living systems.

**Bioenergetics**: Standard free energy change in biochemical reactions, exergonic, endergonic, Hydrolysis of ATP, synthesis of ATP from ADP.

Statistical Mechanics in Biopolymers: Polypeptide and protein structures, introduction to protein rolding problem.

Biopolymer Interactions: Forces involved in biopolymer interactions. Electrostatic charges and molecular expansion, hydrophobic forces, dispersion force interactions.

#### Unit-V

Thermodynamics of Biopolymer Solutions: Thermodynamics of biopolymer solutions, osmotic pressure, membrane equilibrium, muscular contraction.

Cell Membrane and Transport of Ions: Structure and functions of cell membrane, ion transport through cell membrane, irreversible thermodynamic treatment of membrane transport. Nerve conduction. Biopolymers and their molecular weights: Evaluation of size, shape, molecular weight and extent of hydration of biopolymers by various experimental techniques. Sedimentation equilibrium, diffusion, sedimentation velocity.

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#### Books Suggested:

- Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry, SJ. Lippard and J.M. Berg, University Science Books.
- Bioinorganic Chemistry, I. Bertini, H.B. Gray. SJ. Lippard and J.S. Valentine, University Science books.
- 3. Inorganic Biochemistry vols, I and II, ed. G.L. Eichhom, Elsevier,
- 4. Progress in Inorganic Chemistry. Vols 18 and 38 ed. JJ. Lippard, Wiley.
- 5. Principles of Biochemistry, A. L. Lehninger. Worth Publishers.
- 6. Bioorganic Chemistry: A Chemical Approach to Enzyme Action, Hermann Dugas and C. Penny, Springer Verlag
- Understanding Enzymes, Trevor Palmer, Prentice Hall.
- Enzyme Chemistry: Impact and Applications, Ed. Collin J Suckling, Chemistry
- Enzyme Mechanisms, Ed. M.I. Page and A. Williams, Royal Society of Chemistry,
- Fundamentals of Enzymology, N.C. Price and L. Stevens, Oxford University Press.
- Immobilized Enzymes: An Introduction and Applications in Biotechnology, Michael I.D. Trevan, John Wiley.
- 12. Enzymatic Reaction Mechanisms. C, Walsh, W.H. Freeman.
- 13. Enzyme Structure and Mechanism. A. Fersht, W.H. Freeman.
- 14. Biochemistry: The Chemical Reactions of Living Cells, D.E. Metzler. Academic Press.
- 15. Biochemistry, L. Stryer, W.H. Freeman.
- 16. Biochemistry, J. David Rawn. Neil Patterson.
- 17. Biochemistry. Voet and Voet, John Wiley.
- 18. Outlines of Biochemistry, E.E. Conn and P.K. Stumpf, John Wiley.
- Bioorganic Chemistry: A Chemical Approach to Enzyme Action. H Dugas and C. Penny, Springer Verlag.
- 20. Macromolecules: Structure and Function. F Wold. Prentice Hall.

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Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

#### Unit-I

Atmosphere: Atmospheric layers. Vertical temperature profile, heat radiation, budget of the earth atmosphere systems. Properties of troposphere, Temperature inversion. Biogeochemical cycles of carbon, nitrogen, sulphur, phosphorus and oxygen. Residence times.

Atmospheric Chemistry: Sources of trace atmospheric constituents: nitrogen oxides, sulphur dioxide and other sulphur compounds, carbon oxides, chlorofluorocarbons and other halogen compounds, methane and other hydrocarbons.

Tropospheric Photochemistry: Mechanism of photochemical decomposition of NO<sub>2</sub> and formation of ozone. Formation of oxygen atoms, hydroxyl, hydroperoxy and organic radicals and hydrogen peroxide. Reactions of hydroxyl radicals with methane. Reactions of OH radicals with SO<sub>2</sub>, and NO<sub>X</sub>. Formation of nitrate radical and its reactions. Photochemical smog.

#### Unit-II

Air Pollution: Aerosols - sources, size distribution and effect on visibility, climate and health.

Acid Rain: Definition, acid rain precursors and their aqueous and gas phase atmospheric oxidation reactions. Damaging effects on aquatic life, plants, buildings and health. Acid rain control strategies.

Stratospheric Ozone- Depletion: Mechanism of ozone formation, Mechanism of catalytic ozone depletion. Instrumental methods for detection of ozone depletion gases.

Green House Effect: Major green house gases and their sources and Global warming potentials. Climate change and consequences.

**Urban Air Pollution :** Exhaust emissions, damaging effects of carbon monoxide, Monitoring of CO. Control strategies.

#### Unit-III

Aquatic Chemistry and Water Pollution: Redox chemistry in natural waters. Dissolved oxygen, biological oxygen demand, chemical oxygen demand, determination of DO, BOD and COD. Aerobic and angerobic reactions of organic sulphur and nitrogen compounds in water, Eutrophication. Sources of water pollution Treatment of waste water and sewage. Purification of drinking water, techniques of purification and disinfection.

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#### Unit-IV

### Environmental Toxicology

Toxic Heavy Metals - Mercury, lead, arsenic and cadmium. Causes of toxicity. Bioaccumulation, sources of heavy metals. Chemical specification of Hg, Pb, As and Cd. Biochemical and damaging effects.

Toxic Organic Compounds - Uses of organochloride and organophosphorus pesticides, detection and damaging effects.

#### Unit-V

## Soil and Environmental Disasters

Soil pollution by fertilizers, plastic and metals. Methods of remediation of soil. Bhopal gas tragedy, Chernobyl, Three mile island, Minamata Discase, Sevoso (Italy), London smog.

### Books Suggested:

- Environmental Chemistry. Colin Baird, W.H. Freeman Co. New York. 1098.
- Chemistry of Atmospheres. R.P. Wayne. Oxford.
- Environment Chemistry, A.K. De, Wiley Eastern, 2004.
- Environmental Chemistry, S.E. Manahan, Lewis Publishers.
- Introduction to Atmospheric Chemistry, P.V. Hobbs, Cambridge. 5.

## ELECTIVE PAPERS Group I

- Organotransition Metal Chemistry,
- Bioinorganic and Supramolecular Chemistry
- 3. Photoinorganic Chemistry
- 4. Polymers.

#### Group II

- Organic Synthesis-I\*
- Organic Synthesis-II
- Heterocyclic Che histry\*
- Chemistry of Natural Products

#### Group III

- 9. Analytical Chemistry
- 10. Physical Organic Chemistry
- 11. Chemical Dynamics
- 12. Electrochemistry

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### (CH-504, Group-1) Organotransition Metal Chemistry (2 Hrs. or 3 period/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

#### Unit-I

### Alkyls and Aryls of Transition Metals

Types, routes of synthesis, stability and decomposition pathways.

#### Unit-II

### Compounds of Transition Metal-Carbon Multiple Bonds

Alkylidenes, alkylidynes, low valent carbenes and carbynes - synthesis, nature of bond, structural characteristics.

#### Unit-III

#### Transition Metal π-complexes

Transition metal  $\pi$ -Complexes with unsaturated organic molecules, alkenes, alkynes, allyl, diene, dienyl, arene and trienyl complexes, preparations, properties, nature of bonding and structural features.

#### Transition metal compounds with bonds to hydrogen

Transition metal compounds with bonds to hydrogen.

#### Unit-IV

### Homogeneous Catalysis

Stoichiometric reactions for catalysis, homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation, Ziegler-Natta polymerizaton of olefins, catalytic reactions involving carbon monoxide such as hydrocarbonylation of olefins (oxo reaction).

#### Unit-V

#### Fluxional Organometallic Compounds

Fluxionality and dynamic equilibria in compounds such as O-olefin, O-allyl.

#### Books Suggested:

- Principles and Application of Organotransition Metal Chemistry. J.P. Collman, L.S. Hegsdus, I.R. Norton and R.G. Finke. University Science Books.
- The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals. R.H. Crabtree. John Wiley.
- 3. Metallo-organic Chemistry. A.J. Pearson, Wiley
- 4. Organometallic Chemistry, R.C. Mehrotra and A. Singh, New Age International.

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# (CH-505, Group-1) Bioinorganic and Supramolecular Chemistry (2 Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Unit-I

#### Metal Storage and Transport

Ferritin transferring

Unit-II

#### Calcium in Biology

Calcium in living cells, transport and regulation, molecular aspects of intramolecular processes

#### Unit-III

#### Metalloenzymes

Zinc enzymes - carboxypeptidase and carbonic anhydrase. Iron enzymes and cytochrome PASO. Metallo enzyme-II Copper enzymes - superoxide dismutase. Coenzyme vitamin B<sub>12</sub>.

#### Unit-IV

#### Metal-Nucleic Acid Complexes

Metal ions and metal complex interactions.

#### Metals in Medicine

Metal deficiency and disease, toxic effects of metals.

#### Unit-V

### Supramolecular Chemistry-I

- (A) Molecular recognition: Molecular receptors for different types of molecules including arisonic: substrates, design
- (B) Supramolecular reactivity and catalysis.

#### Supramolecular Chemistry-II

- (A) Transport processes and carrier design.
- (B) Supramolecular photochemistry.

### Books Suggested:

- Principles of bioinorganic Chemistry. S.J. Lippard and J.M. Berg, University Science Books.
- Bioinorganic Chemistry. I. Bertini. H.B. Gray SJ. Lippard and J.S. Valentine, University Science Books.
- 3. Inorganic Biochemistry. Vols. I and II Ed. G.L. Eichhorn. Elsevier.
- Progress in Inorganic Chemistry. Vols. 18 Ed. J.J. Lippard. Wiley
- 5. Supramolecular Chemistry, JM. Lehn. VCH

July -

# (CH-596, Group-In Photoinorganic Chemistry

(2 Hrs. or 3 period/ week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max.Marks: 50

#### Unit-I

### Basics of Photochemistry

Absorption, excitation, photochemical laws, quantum yield, electronically excited states-life times. measurements of the times. Flash photolysis. Energy dissipation by radiative and non-radiative processes, Frank-Condon principle, photochemical stages - primary and secondary processes.

#### Unit-II

### Properties of Excited States

Structure, dipole moment, acid-base strengths, reactivity. Photochemical kinetics. Bimolecular deactivation - quenching.

#### Unit-III

### **Excited States of Metal Complexes**

Excited states of metal complexes: comparison with organic compounds, electronically excited States of metal complexes.

#### Unit-IV

### Ligand Field Photochemistry

Photosubstitution, photooxidation and photoreduction, liability and selectivity, energy content of excited state, zero spectroscopic energy.

#### Unit-V

## Redox Reactions by Excited Metal Complexes

Energy transfer under conditions of weak interaction and strong interactionexciplex formation; condition of the excited states to be useful as redox reactants, excited electron transfer. Application of redox processes of electronically excited states for catalytic purposes, transformation of low energy reactants into high energy products, chemical energy into light.

### Metal Complex Sensitizers

Metal complex sensitizer, water photolysis, nitrogen fixation and carbon dioxide reduction.

### Books Suggested:

- Concepts of Inorganic Photochemistry, A.W. Adamson and P.D. Fleischauer, Wiley
- 2. Inorganic Photochemistry, J. Chem. Educ. vol. 60 no. 10, 1983.
- 3. Progress in Inorganic Chemistry, vol. 30 ed. S.J. Lippard, Wilcy.
- Coordination Chem. Revs., vol. 15.p 321, 1975; vol. 39, p 121, 1981; vol. 97, p 313, 1990.
- Photochemistry a Coordination Compounds, V. Balzari and V. Carassiti. Academic Press.
- 6. Elements in Inorganic Photochemistry, GJ. Ferraudi. Wilev

### **ELECTIVE PAPER-4** (CH-507, Group-1) Polymers (2Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

#### Unit-1

#### Basics

Basic concepts: Monomers, repeat units, degree of polymerization. Linear, branched and network polymers. Classification of polymers. Polymerization: condensation, addition/radical chain - ionic and co-ordination and copolymerization. Polymerization conditions, Importance of polymers.

#### Unit-II

### Polymer Characterization

Poly dispersion - average molecular weight concept number, weight and viscosity average molecular weights. Poly dispersity and molecular weight distribution. The practical significance of molecular weight. Measurement of molecular-weights. End group, viscosity, light scattering, osmotic and ultracentrifugation methods. Analysis of polymers - chemical analysis of polymers, spectroscopic methods, Xray diffraction study, microscopy.

#### Unit-III

### Inorganic Polymers

A general survey and scope of inorganic polymers, special characteristics, classification, homo and hetero atomic polymers

#### Unit-IV

# Structure, Properties and Applications of

- a) Polymers based on boron borazines, boranes and carboranes.
- b) Polymers based on silicon, silicones polymetalloxanes and polymetallosiloxanes, silazenes,

# Structure, Properties and Applications of

a) Polymers based on phosphorous - phosphazenes

#### Unit-V

Structure, Properties and Applications of (a) Metal clusters, (b) Co-ordination Books Suggested:

- Inorganic Chemistry, J.E. Huheey. Harper Row.
- Developments in Inorganic polymer Chemistry. M.F Lappert and G. J. Leigh 2.
- 3. Inorganic polymers, N.H. Ray.
- Inorganic polymers, Graham and Stone.
- 5. Inorganic Rings and Cages, D.A. Armitage.
- 6. Textbook of Poly.ner Science, F.W. Billmeyer, Jr. Wiley.
- Contemporary Polymer Chemistry, H.R. Alcock and F.W. Lambe. Prentice

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### ELECTIVE PAPER-5 (CH-504, Group-II) Organic Synthesis-I (2Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

#### Unit-I

#### Organometallic Reasents

Principle, preparations, properties and applications of the following in organic synthesis with mechanistic details. Group I and II metal organic compounds. Li, Mg and Hg compounds.

Transition metals: Cu, Pd, Ni, Fe, Cod Rh. compounds.

Other elements: Si and B compounds.

#### Unit-II

#### Oxidation

Introduction. Different oxidative processes. Hydrocarbons - alkenes, aromatic

Alcohols, diols, aldelydes, ketones, and sulphides. Oxidations with ruthenium tetraoxide, Iodobenzenediacetate

#### Unit-III

#### Reduction

Introduction, Different reductive processes.

Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes and aromatic rings. Carbonyl compounds - aldehydes, ketones, acids and their derivatives. Epoxides, Nitro, nitroso and azo groups.

#### Unit-IV

### Rearrangements

General mechanistic considerations - nature of migration, migratory aptitude, memory effects. A catailed study of the following rearrangements: Benzil. Benzillic acid, Favorskii, Neber, Beckinann, Hofmann, Curtius, Schmidt, BaeyerViliger, Shapiro and Schimdt reaction.

#### Unit-V

Metallocenes, Nonbenzenoid Aromatics and Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds General considerations, synthesis and reactions of some representative compounds, (tropone, tropolone Azulene, ferrocene, phenanthrene).

### Books Suggested:

Only Englander

Modern Synthetic Reactions H.O. House. W.A. Benjamin.

- Some modern Methods of Organic Synthesis. W Carruthers. Cambridge Univ.
- 3. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Reactions Mechanisms and Structure J. March. John Wiley
- 4. Principles of Organic synthesis. R.O.C Norman and J.M. Coxon. Blackie Academic & Professional.
- 5. Advanced Organic Chemistry Part B. FA Carey and R.J. Sundberg. Plenum Press.
- Rodd's Chemistry of Carbon Compounds. Ed. S Coffey, Elsevier.

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# (CH-505, Group-IT) Organic Synthesis-II

(2Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

### Disconnection Approach

An introduction to synthons and synthetic equivalents, disconnection approach, functional group inter conversions, the importance of the order of events in organic synthesis, one group C-X and two group C-X disconnections, reversal of polarity, amine synthesis

#### Unit-II

### **Protecting Groups**

Principle of protectic a of alcohol, amine, carbonyl and carboxyl groups.

One Group C-C Disconnections Alcohols and carbonyl compounds, Alkene synthesis, use of acetylenes in organic synthesis.

#### Unit-III

### Two Group C-C Disconnections

Diels-Alder reaction, 1,3-difunctionalised compounds,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyl compounds, control in carbonyl condensations, 1,5-difunctionalised compounds. Michael addition and Robinson annelation.

#### Unit-IV

### Ring Synthesis

Saturated heterocycles, synthesis of 3-4-5- and 6-membered rings.

#### Unit-V

## Synthesis of Some Complex Molecules

Application of the above in the synthesis of following compounds: Camphor, Longifoline. Cortisone, Vitamin D. Iuvabione.

### **Books Suggested:**

- Designing Organic Synthesis, S. Warren, Wiley.
- 2. Organic Synthesis Concept Methods and Starting Materials, I. Fuhrshop.
- Some Modem Methods of Organic Synthesis. W. Carruthers, Cambridge Univ. Press.
- 4. Modern Synthetic Reactions HO. House, W.A. Benjamin
- Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanisms and Structure, I. March, Wiley,
- Principles of Organic Chemistry Part B. FA. Carey and R.J. Sundberg. Plenum Press.

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### (CH-506, Group II) Heterocyclic Chemistry

(Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

#### Unit I

#### Nomenclature of Heterocycles

Replacement and systematic nomenclature (Hantzsch-Widman system) for monocyclic, fused and bridged heterocycles.

#### Aromatic Heterocycles

General chemical behaviour of aromatic heterocycles, classification (structural type), criteria of aromaticity (bond lengths, ring current and chemical shifts in <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra. Empirical resonance energy, delocalization energy and Dewar resonance energy, diamagnetic susceptibility exaltations).

#### Unit-II

#### Non-aromatic Heterocycles

Strain-bond angle and torsional strains and their consequences in small ring heterocycles.

Conformation of six-membered heterocycles with reference to molecular geometry, barrier to ring inversion, pyramidal inversion and 1,3-diaxial interaction.

Stereo-electronic effects anomeric and related effects, Attractive interactions - hydrogen bonding and intermolecular nucleophilic electrophilic interactions.

### Heterocyclic Synthesis

Principles of heterocyclic synthesis involving cyclization reactions and cycloaddition reactions.

#### Unit-III

### Small Ring Heterocycles

Three-membered and four-membered heterocycles - synthesis and reactions of aziridines, oxiranes, thiranes, azetidines,

Benzo-Fused Five-Membered Heterocycles

Synthesis and reactions including medicinal applications of benzopyrroles, benzofurans and benzochiophenes.

#### Unit-IV

### Meso-ionic Heterocycles

General classification, chemistry of some important meso-ionic heterocycles of type-A and B and their applications.

### Six-Membered Hetc. Jcycles with one Heteruatorn

Synthesis and reactions of pyrylium salts and their comparison with pyridinium & thiopyrylium salts and pyridones, Synthesis and reactions of quinolizinium and benzopyrylium salts.

#### Unit-V

## Six Membered Heterocycles with Two or More Heteroatoms

Synthesis and reactions of diazines, triazines, tetrazines.

### Seven-and Large-Membered Heterocycles

Synthesis and reactions of azepines, oxepines, thiepines, diazepines, thiazepines, azocines, diazocines.

### Heterocyclic System. Containing P, As

Heterocyclic rings containing phosphorus; introduction, nomenclature, synthesis and characteristics of 5- and 6-membered ring systems - phosphorinanes, phosphonines, phospholanes and phospholes Heterocyclic rings containing As introduction, synthesis and characteristics of 5- and 6- membered ring system.

#### Books Suggested:

- Heterocyclic Chemistry Vol. 1-3. R.R. Gupta. M. Kumar and V. Gupta. Springer India.
- 2. The Chemistry of Heterocycles. T Eicher and S. Hauptmann. Thieme.
- Heterocyclic Chemistry, J.A. Joule. K. Mills and G.F Smith. Chapman and Hall.
- 4. Heterocyclic Chemistry, T.L. Gilchrist, Longman Scientific Technical.
- Contemporary Heterocyclic Chemistry. G.R. Newkome and W W. Paudler. Wiley-Inter Science
- 6. An Introduction to the Heterocyclic Compounds. R.M. Acheson, John Wiley.
- Comprehensive Heterocyclic Chemistry, A.R. Katrizky and C.W. Rees, eds. Pergamon Press.

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## (CH-507, Group The Chemistry of Natural Products (2Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

#### Unit-I

### Terpenoids and Carotenoids

Classification, nomenclature, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure determination, isoprene rule. Structure determination, stereochemistry, biosynthesis and synthesis of the following representative molecules: Citral, Geraniol, u-Terpeneol, Menthol, Famesol and  $\beta$ -Carotene.

#### Unit-II

#### Alkaloids

Definition, nomenclature and physiological action, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure elucidation, degradation, classification based on nitrogen heterocyclic ring role of alkaloids in plants. Structure, stereochemistry, synthesis and biosynthesis of the following Nicotine, Atropine. Quinine and Morphine.

#### Unit-III

#### Steroids

Occurrence, nomenclature, basic skeleton. Diel's hydrocarbon and stereochemistry. Isolation, structure determination and synthesis of Cholesterol. Bile acids, Androsterone, Testosterone, Biosynthesis of steroids.

#### Unit-IV

### Plant Pigments

Occurrence, nomenclature and general methods of structure determination. Isolation and synthesis of Apigerin, Luteolin, Quercetin, Myrcetin, Quercetin 3-glucoside, Biosynthesis of flavonoids: Acetate pathway and Shikimic acid pathway.

#### Porphyrins

Structure and synthesis of Haemoglobin and Chlorophyll.

#### Unit-V

#### Prostaglandins

Occurrence, nomenclature, classification, biogenesis and physiological effects. Synthesis of PGEz

Pyrethroids and Rotenones

Synthesis and reactions of Rotenones.

(For structure elucidation, emphasis is to be placed on the use of spectral parameters wherever possible)

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### Books Suggested:

- 1. Natural Products: Chemistry and Biological Significance, J. Mann R.S. Davidson, J.B. Hobbs, D.V. Banthrope and JB Harbome, Longman. Essex,
- Organic Chemistry: Vol. 2. I.L. Finar. ELBS.
- Stereoselective Synthesis: A Practical Approach, M. Norgradi. VCH. 3.
- 4. Rodd's Chemistry of Carbon Compounds, Ed. S. Coffey, Elsevier.
- Chemistry. Biological and Pharmacological Properties of Medicinal Plants from the Americas, Ed. Kurt Hostettmann, M P. Gupta and A. Marston. Harwood Academic Publishers.
- 6. Introduction to Flavonoids, B.A. Bohm. Harwood Academic Publishers.
- 7. New Trends in Natural Product Chemistry, Ana-uxjcahman and M.I. Choudhary, Harwood Academic, Publishers.
- 8. Insecticides of Natural Origin, Sukh Dev. Harwood Academic Publishers.

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# (CH-504, Group-III) Analytical Chemistry

(2Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 50

#### Unit-I

#### Introduction

Role of analytical Chemistry. Classification of analytical methods - classical and instrumental. Types of instrumental analysis. Selecting an analytical method. Neatness and cleanliness. Laboratory operations and practices. Analytical balance. Techniques of weighing, errors. Volumetric glassware cleaning and calibration of glassware. Sample preparation - dissolution and decompositions. Gravimetric techniques Selecting and handling of reagents. Laboratory notebooks. Safety in the analytical laboratory **Errors and Evaluation** 

Definition of terms ir mean and median. Precision - standard deviation relative standard deviation Accuracy - absolute error, relative error. Types of error in experimental data-determinate (systematic). indeterminate (or random) and gross. Sources of error and the effects upon the analytical results. Methods for reporting analytical data. Statistical evaluation of data-indeterminate errors. The uses of statistics.

#### Unit-II

### Food Analysis

Moisture, ash, crude protein, fat, crude fiber, carbohydrates, calcium, potassium, sodium and phosphate. Food adulteration - common adulterants in food, contamination of food stuffs. Microscopic examination of foods for adulterants. Pesticide analysis in food products. Extraction and purification of sample HPLC.

Gas chromatography for organophosphates. Thin-layer chromatography for identification of chlorinated pesticides in food products.

#### Unit-III

# Analysis of Water Pollution

Origin of waste water, types, water pollutants and their effects. Sources of water pollution - domestic, industrial, agricultural, soil and radioactive wastes. Objectives of analysis, parameter for analysis - color, turbidity: total solids, conductivity, acidity, alkalinity, hardness, chloride, sulphate, fluoride, silica, phosphates and different forms of nitrogen. Heavy metal pollution - public health significance of cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, zinc, manganese, mercury and arsenic, General survey of instrumental technique for the analysis of heavy metals in aqueous systems. Measurement of DO, BOD and COD Pesticides as water pollutants and analysis. Water pollution laws and standards.

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#### Unit-IV

Analysis of Soil and Fuel Analysis of soil: moisture pH, total nitrogen, phosphorus, silica, lime, magnesia manganese, sulphur and alkali salts. Fuel analysis: liquid and gas. Ultimate and proximate analysis - heating values - grading of coal. Liquid fue's - flash point, aniline point, octane number and carbon residue. Gaseous fuels - producer gas and water gas - calorific value.

#### Unit-V

# Analysis of Body Fluids and Drugs

Clinical chemistry: Composition of blood-collection and preservation of samples. Clinical analysis. Serum electrolytes, blood glucose, blood urea nitrogen, uric acid, albumin, globulins, barbiturates, acid and alkaline phosphatases. Immunoassay: principles of radio immunoassay (RIA) and applications. The blood gas analysis, trace elements in the body.

Drug analysis: Narcotics and dangerous drugs. Classification of drugs. Screening by gas and thin-layer chromatography and spectrophotometric measurements.

## Books Suggested:

- 1. Analytical Chemistry. G.D. Christian. John Wiley,
- Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry. D.A. Skoog. DM. Westand F.J. Hooler. W.B Saunders.
- 3. Analytical Chemistry Principles. J.H. Kennedy. W.B. Saunders.
- 4. Analytical Chemistry Principles and Techniques. L.G. Hargis. Prentice Hall.
- 5. Principles of Instrumental analysis DA. Skoog and JL. Loary. W.B Saunders.
- 6. Principles of Instrumental Analysis DA. Skoog W.B. Saunders.
- 7. Quantitative Analysis. R.A. Day, Jr. and A.L Underwood, Prentice Hall,
- 8. Environmental Solution. S.M. Khopkar, Wiley Eastern.
- 9. Basic Concepts of Analysis Chemistry, S.M. Khopkar, Wiley Eastern.
- Handbook of Instrumental Techniques for Analytical Chemistry, F. Settle. Prentice Hall.

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### ELECTIVE PAPER-10

# (CH-505, Group-III) Physical Organic Chemistry

(2Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

#### Unit-I

# Concepts in Molecular Orbital (MO) and Valence Bond (VB) Theory

Introduction to Huckel molecular orbital (MO) method as a mean to explain modern theoretical methods. Advanced techniques in PMO and FMO theory. Molecular mechanics semi empirical methods and ab inito and density functional methods. Scope and limitations of several computational programmes. Quantitative MO theory - Huckel molecular orbital (HMO) method as applied to ethene, allyl and butadiene. Qualitative MO theory - ionisation potential. Electron affinities. MO energy levels. Orbital symmetry. Orbital interactiondiagrams. MO of simple organic systems such as ethene. allyl. butadiene, methane and methyl group. Conjugation and hyperconjugation. Aromaticity. Valence bond (VB) configuration mixing diagrams. Relationship between VB configuration mixing and resonance theory Reaction profiles. Potential energy diagrams, Curve-crossing model - nature of activation barrier in Chemical reactions

#### Unit-II

# Principles of Reactivity

Mechanistic significance of entropy, enthalphy and Gibb's freeenergy. Arrhenius equation. Tansition state theory. Use of activation parameters, Hammond's postulate, Bell-Evans-Polanyi principle. Potential energy surface model. Marcus theory of electronic transfer. Reactivity and selectivity principles. Kinetic Isotope Effect Theory of isotope effects. Primary and secondary kinetic isotope effects. Heavy atom isotope effects. Tunneling effect, Solvent effects.

#### Unit-III

## Structural Effects on Reactivity

Linear free energy relationships (LFER). The Hammett equation, substituent constants, theories of substituent effects. Interpretation of a-values. Reaction constant p. Deviations from Hammett equation. Dual parameter correlations, inductive substituent constant. The Taft model, oiandekscales.

## Solvation and Solvent Effects

Qualitative understanding of solvent-solute effects on reactivity. Thermodynamic measure of solvation. Effects of solvation on reaction rates and equilibria. Various empirical indexes of solvation based on physical properties, solvent-sensitive reaction rates, spectroscopic properties and scales for specific solvation. Use of solvation scales in mechanistic studies. Solvent effects from the curve-crossing model. Session 2021-22

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#### Unit-IV

# Acids, Bases, Electrophiles, Nudeophiles and Catalysis

Acid-base dissociation, Electronic and structural effects, acidity and basicity. Acidity functions and their applications, Hard and soft acids and bases. Nucleophilicity scales. Nucleofugacity. The a-effect. Ambivalent nucleophiles. Acid-base catalysis - specific and general catalysis. Bronsted catalysis. Nucleophilic and electrophilic catalysis. Catalysis by non-covalent bindingmicellar catalysis.

# Steric and Conformational Properties

Various type of steric strain and their influence on reactivity, steric acceleration. Molecular measurements of sterefects upon rates. Steric LFER. Conformational barrier to bond rotation - Spectroscopic detection of individual conformers. Acyclic and monocyclic systems. Rotation around partial double bonds! Winstein-Holness and Curtin-Hammett principle.

#### Unit-V

# Nucleophilic and Ela trophilic Reactivity

Structural and electronic effects on SNI and SN2 reactivity Solvent effect. Kinetic isotope effects. Intramolecular assistance. Electron transfer nature of SN2 reaction. Nucleophilicity and SN2 reactivity based on curve crossing model. Relationship between polar and electron transfer reactions. SRNI mechanism Electrophilic reactivity, general mechanism. Kinetics of SE2-Ar reaction Structural effects on rates and selectivity. Curve-crossing approach to electrophilic reactivity.

# Radical and Pericyclic Reactivity

Radical stability, polar influence, solvent and steric effects. A curve crossing approach to radical addition, factors effecting barrier heights in addition, regioselectivity in radical reactions.

Reactivity, specificity and periselectivity in pericyclic reactions.

## Books Suggested:

- Molecular Mechanics. U. Burkert and N.L Alinger. ACS Monograph 177, 1982.
- 2. Organic Chemists. Book of Orbitals: L. Salem and W.L. Jorgensen, Academic Press.
- 3. Mechanism and Theory in Organic Chemistry, T.H. Lowry and K.C. Richardson, Harryr and Row.
- 4. Introduction to Theoretical Organic Chemistry and Molecular Modeling.
- 5. Physical Organic Chemistry, N.S. Isaacs, ELBS/Longman.
- 6. The Physical Basis of Organic Chemistry: H. Maskill, Oxford University Press.

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# ELECTIVE PAPER-11

# (CH-506, Group-III) Chemical Dynamics

(2 Hrs. or 3 period/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

#### Unit-I

# Atmospheric Reactions

Physical structure of the atmosphere, chemical composition of the atmosphere. Kinetics and mechanism of NOx, ClOx cycles and H<sup>2+</sup> O<sup>2</sup> reaction. Mechanism of general methane oxidation. Kinetics and mechanism of low temperature oxidation of methane. Concept of global warming.

#### Unit-II

# Oscillatory Reaction:

Autocatalysis and oscillatory reactions, Kinetics and mechanism of Belousov-Zhabotinski (B-Z) reaction.

# **Enzymes and Inhibitions**

Kinetics of one enzyme - Two substrate systems and their experimental characteristics.

Enzyme inhibitors and their experimental characteristics.

Kinetics of enzyme inhibited reactions.

Micelles catalysis and inhibition

Kinetics and mechanism of micelle catalyzed reactions (1st order and second order) Various type of micelle catalyzed reactions. Micelle inhibited reactions.

# Dynamics of Gas-surface reactions

Adsorption/desorption kinetics and transition state theory Dissociative adsorption and precursor state, Mechanism of Langimur's adsorption of the oxidation of carbon monoxide to carbon dioxide, True and apparent activation energies. Industrial importance of heterogeneous catalysis.

## Unit-III

# Radiation Chemistry and Photochemistry

Radiation chemistry of water and aqueous solutions. Hydrogen atom and hydroxyl radical - oxidizing and reducing conditions. Kinetics and mechanism of photochemical and photosensitized reactions (One example in each case). Stern-Volmer equation and its application. Hole-concept in the presence of semiconductor type photocatalysts. Kinetics and mechanism of electron transfer reaction in the presence of visible light. Kinetics of exchange reactions (mathematical analysis).

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#### **Transition State**

A brief aspect of statistical mechanics and transition state theory, application in calculation of the second order rate constant for reactions with collision for (1) atom + atom (2) atom + molecule (3) molecule + molecule reactions. Static solvent effects and thermodynamics formulations. Adiabatic electron transfer reactions, energy surfaces.

#### Unit-IV

Substitution reactions, Substitution reactions. Classification of ligand substitution mechanism. Anation and base catalyzed Kinetics of anation reactions Aquation and acid catalyzed kinetics of aquation reactions (octahedral complexes). Inner-sphere electron transfer reactions and mechanism. Various types of inner Sphere bridges, adjustment and remote attack Linkage isomerism. Chemical and resonance mechanisms. Marcus-Cross relation in outer sphere reactions (no mathematical derivation) Its application in reactions

$$Ce(IV) + Mo(CN)_5^4 \leftrightarrow Ce(III) + Mo(CN)_6^{3-}$$

$$Fe(CN)_6^{3-} + Fe(CN)_6^{4-} \leftrightarrow Fe(CN)_6^{4-} + Fe(CN)_6^{3-}$$

Bridged outer-sphere electron transfer mechanism.

Kinetics of reactions in the presence of cyclodextrins. Considering one full case study, nucleophilic and electrophilic catalysts and their mode of action.

#### Unit-V

# Metal ion catalysis and induced phenomena

Metal ion catalyzed reactions, their kinetics and reaction mechanism in solutions. Induced reactions, their characteristics. Mechanism of - (i) Fe (II) induced oxidation of iodine by Cr (VI). (ii) As (III) induced oxidation of Mn (II) by chromate in acid solutions.

Kinetics and mechanism of induced reactions in metal complexes (octahedral complexes of Cobalt (EII) only. Kinetics of hydroformylation reaction.

## Books Recommended:

- 1. Progress in Inorganic Chemistry. Vol. 30, 1967.
- 2. R. Lumry and R.W. Raymond, Electron Transfer Reactions, Interscience.
- N.L. Bender, Mechanism of Homogeneous Catalysis from protein to protein, Wiley
- 4. AG, Sykes, Kinetics of Inorganic reactions, Pergaenon.
- 5. S. W. Benson, Mechanism of Inorganic Reactions, Academic Press,
- 6. Physical Chemistry Vol. 2, Ed. Prof. YaGrasimov, Mir publisher.
- 7. Basolo and pearson, Inorganic Reaction Mechanism, Wiley.
- 8. H. Taube, Electron Transfer Reactions, Oxford Press.

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#### ELECTIVE PAPER-12

# (CH-507, Group-III) Electrochemistry (2 Hrs. or 3 period/week)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

#### Unit-I

# Conversion and storage of Electrochemical Energy:

Present status of energy consumption: Pollution problem. History of fuel cells, Direct energy conversion by electrochemical means. Maximum intrinsic efficiency of an electrochemical converter. Physical interpretation of the Carnot efficiency factor in electrochemical energy converters. Power output. Electrochemical Generators (Fuel cells): Hydrogen oxygen cells, Hydrogen Air cell. Hydrocarbon air cell, alkaline fuel cell. Phosphoric and fuel cell, direct NaOH fuel cells, applications of fuel cells.

## Electrochemical Energy Storage:

Properties of electrochemical energy storers: measure of battery performance. Charging and discharging of a battery storage density, energy density

Classical Batteries: (i) Lead Acid (ii) Nickel-Cadmium, (iii) Zinc-Manganese dioxide

Modern Batteries: (i) Zinc-Air, (ii) Nickel-Metal Hydride, (iii) Lithium Battery. Future Electricity storers: Storage in (i) Hydrogen, (ii) Alkali Metals, (iii) Non aqueous solutions.

#### Unit-II

# Corrosion and Stability of Metals:

Civilizaton and Surface mechanism of the corrosion of the metals. Thermodynamics and the stability of metals. Potential-pH (or Pourbaix) Diaphragms: uses and abuses, Corrosion current and corrosion potential - Evans diagrams.

Measurement of corrosion rate : (i) Weight Loss Method (ii) Electrochemical Method,

Inhibiting Corrosion: Cathodic and Anodic Protection, (i) Inhibition by addition of substrates to the electrolyte environment. (ii) by charging the corroding method from external source, anodic Protection. Organic inhibitors. The Fuller Story Green inhibitors.

#### Passivation:

Structure of Passivation films, Mechanism of Passivation. Spontaneous Passivation: Nature's method for stabilizing surfaces.

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#### Unit-III

## Bioelectrochemistry:

Bioelectrodics, Mem! ane Potentials, Simplistic theory, Modern theory. Electrical conductance in biological organisms. Electronic. Protonic electrochemical mechanism of nervous systems, enzymes as electrodes.

#### Unit-IV

#### **Kinetics of Electrode Process:**

Essentials of electrode reaction current density, overpotential, Tafel Equation. Butier Volmer equation, Standard rate constant (KTM) and transfer coefficient (I), exchange current.

Irreversible Electrode processes: criteria of irreversibility, information from irreversible wave.

Methods of determining kinetic parameters for quasi-reversible and irreversible waves: Koutecky's method. Meits Israel method. Gelling's method.

## Electrocatalysis:

Chemical catalysts and electrochemical catalysts with special reference to purostates, porphyrin oxides of rare earths. Electro-catalysis in simple redox reactions, in reaction involving adsorbed species. Influence of vanous parameters.

#### Unit-V

Potential Sweep Method: Linear sweep voltammetry, cyclic voltammetry, theory and applications Diagnostic criteria of cyclic voltammetry.

Controlled current microelectrode techniques: Comparison with controlled potentials methods chronopotentiometry, theory and applications.

**Bulk Electrolysis Methods:** Controlled potential coulometry. Controlled coulometry. Electroorganic synthesis and its important applications.

Stripping analysis: Anodic and cathodic modes. Preelectrolysis and stripping steps, applications of stripping analysis.

## **Book Suggested:**

- 1. Modern Electrochemistry Vol. I, IIA, IIB JO'M Bockris and A.K.N. Roddy, Plenum Publication, New 1 York
- 2. Polarographic Techniques by L. Meites. Interscience.
- 3. "Fuel cells; Their electrochemistry" McGraw Hill Book Company. New York.
- 4. Modero Polarographic Methods by AM. Bond and Marcel Dekker.
- Polarography and allied techniques By K. Zutshi, New Age International publication, New Delhi.
- Electroanalytical Chemistry by Basil H. Vessor & Galen W., Wiley Interscience,
- 7. Topics in Pure and Applied Chemistry. Ed. S.K. Rangrajan, SAEST Publication, Kara kudi (India)

# M.Sc. (Final) Chemistry Practical

#### PRACTICAL

Duration: (14 hrs in 2 days)

Max. Marks: 200

# Inorganic Chemistry

## Preparation

Preparation of selected inorganic compounds and their study by IR, electronic spectra, Mossbauer, ESR and magnetic susceptibility measurements. Handling of air and moisture sensitive compounds involving vacuum lines. Selection can be made from the following:

- Sodium amide, Inorg. Synth., 1946, 2. 128.
- Synthesis and thermal analysis of group II metal oxalate hydrate, J. Chem. Ed., 1988, 65, 1024.
- Atomic absorption analysis of Mg and Ca.
- 4. Trialkoxyboranes Preparation, IR and NMR spectra.
- 5. (PhBCl2) Dichlorophenylborane. Synthesis in vacuum line.
- Preparation of Tin (IV) iodide, Tin (IV) chloride and Tin (U) iodide. Inorg. Synth., 1953, 4, 119.
- Relative stability of Tin (IV) and Pb (IV). Preparation of ammonium hexachlorostannate (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(SnCl<sub>6</sub>); ammonium hexachloroplumbate (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(PbCl<sub>6</sub>).
- 8. Hexabis (4-nitrophenoxy) cyclotriphosphazene.
- Synthesis of trichlorodiphenylantimony (V) hydrate. Inorg. Synth., 1985, 23, 194.
- 10. Sodium tetrathionate, Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>.
- Metal complexes of dimethylsulfoxide and their IR: CuCl<sub>2</sub>.DMSO; PdCl<sub>2</sub>.2DMSO; RuCl<sub>2</sub>.4DMSO, J. Chem. Educ., 1982, 59, 57.
- Synthesis of me al acetylacetonate: Magnetic moment, IR. NMR, Inorg. Synth., 1957, 5, 130; 1963. 1,183
- 13. Bromination of (Cr(acac)<sub>3</sub>), J. Chem. Edu, 1986, 63, 90.
- 14. Magnetic moment of (Cu(acac)2).H2O
- 15. cis- and trans- (Co(en)2Cl<sub>2</sub>]\*
- Separation of optical isomer of cis-(Co(en)2Cl<sub>2</sub>]CI, J. Chem Soc., 1960, 4369.
- 17. Ion exchange, separation of oxidation state of vanadium, J. Chem. Educ., 1980, 57, 316; 1978, 55, 55.
- Determination of Cr(III) complexes. (Cr(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>6</sub>]NO<sub>3</sub>,3H<sub>2</sub>O; {Cr(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>4</sub>.Cl<sub>2</sub>}C ..2H<sub>2</sub>O; {Cr(en)<sub>3</sub>}Cl<sub>3</sub>, (Cracac)<sub>3</sub>]. Inorg, Synth., 1972, 13, 184.
- Preparation of N,N-bis(salicyladehyde)-thylenedimude, salen H2: [CO(salen)] J. Chem. Educ., 1977, 541, 443; 1973, 50, 670.

- Preparation of Fe(II) chloride (use it as Friedel-Craft chlorination source), J. Org. Chem., 1978, 43, 2423; J. Chem. Edu., 1984, 61, 645; 1986, 63, 361.
- Reaction of Cr(III) with a multidentate tigand: a kinetics experiment (visible spectra Cr-EDTA complex), J. A.C.S., 1953,75,5670.
- 22. Preparation of [Co(phenanthroline-5, 6-quinone)).
- 23. Preparation and use of Ferrocene, J. Chem Edu., 1966, 43, 73; 1976, 53.730.
- Preparation of copper glycine complex. cis- and trans- bis(glycinato)copper (II), J. Chem. Soc. Dalton, 1979, 1901: J. Chem. Edu, 1982, 59. 1052.
- 25. Preparation of phosphine (PhP) and its transition metal complexes.
- Any Otter experiment such as conversion of p-xylene to terephathalic acid catalyzed by COBr<sub>2</sub> (homogenous catalysis).

# Spectrophotometric Determinations

- a) Manganese/Chromium/Vanadium in steel sample.
- Nickel/Molybdenum Tungsten/Vanadium/Uranium by extractive spectrophotometric method.
- c) Fluoride/Nitrite/Phosphate.
- d) Iron-phenanthroline compelexes: Job's method of continuous variations.
- e) Zirconium-alizarin Red-S complex: Mole-ratio method.
- f) Copper ethylenediamine complex: Slope-ratio method.

# Flame Photometric Determinations

- a) Sodium and potassium when present together.
- b) Lithium/Calcium/Barium/Strontium.
- c) Cadmium and Magnesium in tap water,

# Quantitative determinations of a three component mixture:

One Volumetrically and two Gravimetrically

- a) Cu+2, Ni+2, Zn+2
- b) Cu+2, Ni+2, Mg+2

# Chromatographic Separations

- a) Cadmium and zinc
- b) Zinc and magnesium
- Thin-layer chromatography-separation of nickel, manganese, cobalt and zinc,
   Determination of property of the propert
- d) Separation and identification of the sugars present in the given mixture of glucose, fructose and sucrose by paper chromatography and determination of Rf values.

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## Organic Chemistry

## Qualitative Analysis

Separation, purification and identification of the components of three organic compounds (three solus of two liquids and one solids or two solids and one liquid), using for checking the purity of the separated compounds, chemical analysis, IR, PMR and mass spectral data.

# Multi-step Synthesis of Organic Compounds

The exercises should illustrate the use of organic reagents and may involve purification of the products by chromatographic techniques.

- i) Photochemical reaction:
  - $(Benzoplienone \rightarrow Benzpinacol \rightarrow Benzpinacolone)$
- ii) Beckman Rearrangement: Benzanilide from benzene
   (Benzene Benzophenone → Benzophenone oxime → Benzanilide)
- iii) Benzilic acid rearrangement: Benzilic acid from benzoin
   (Benzoin → Benzil → Benzilic acid)
- iv) Synthesis of heterocyclic compounds
  - a) Skraup synthesis: Preparation of quinoline from aniline
  - Fisher Indole synthesis: Preparation of 2-phenylindole from phenylhydrazine.
- v) Diazocoupling: Phthalic anhydride → Phthalamide → anthranilic acid → methyl red.
- vi) Enzymatic synthesis: Reduction of ethyl acetoacetate using Bakers' yeast to yield enantiomeric excess of S(+) ethyl-3-hydroxybutanoate and determine its optical purity. Biosynthesis of ethanol from sucrose.
- vii) Synthesis using microwave: Alkylation of diethyl malonate with benzyl chloride.
- vili) Synthesis using phase transfer catalyst: Alkylation of diethyl malonate or ethyl acetoacetate with an alkyl halide.

# Extraction of Organi: Compounds from Natural Sources

- a) Isolation of caffeine from tea leaves.
- Isolation of casein from milk (the students are required to try some typical colour reactions of proteins)
- Isolation of lactose from milk (purity of sugar should be checked by TLC and PC and Rf values reported).
- d) Isolation of chlorophyll a & b from spinach/spirulina.
- e) Isolation of cinchonine from cinchona bark.
- f) Isolation of piperine from black pepper.

- g) Isolation of lycop ne from tomatoes.
- h) Isolation of B-carotene from carrots.
- Isolation of oleic acid from olive oil (involving the preparation of complex with urea and separation of linoleic acid).
- j) Isolation of eugenol from clove.
- k) Isolation of (+) limonine from citrus rinds.

## Paper Chromatography

Separation and identification of the sugars present in the given mixture of glucose, fructose and sucrose by paper chromatography and determination of Rf values.

#### Spectroscopy

Identification of organic compounds by the analysis of their spectral data (UV. IR, PMR, CMR & MS).

## Spectrophotometry (UV/VIS) Estimations

- a) Amino acids
- b) Proteins
- c) Carbohydrates
- d) Cholesterol
- e) Ascorbic acid
- f) Aspirin
- g) Caffeine

# Physical Chemistry

Number of Hours to each experiment: 3 Hours

A list of experiments under different headings are given below: Typical experiments are to be selected from each type.

# A. Thermodynamics

- Determination of partial molar volume of solute (e.g. KCI) and solvent in a binary mixture.
- Determination of the temperature dependence of the solubility of a compound in two solvents having similar intramolecular interactions (benzoic acid in water and in DMSO-water mixture) and calculate the partial molar heat of solution,

## B. Spectroscopy

- Determination of pKa of an indicator (e.g. methyl red) in (a) aqueous and (b) micellar media.
- ii) Determination of stoichiometry and stability constant of Ferricisothiocyanation compl. ion in solution
- Determination of rate constant of alkaline bleaching of Malachite green and effect of ionic strength on the rate of reaction.

## C. Polarography

- Identification and estimation of metal ions such as Cd2+ , Pb2+, Zn2+ and Ni2+etc. polarographically.
- ii) Study of a metal ligand complex polarographically (using Lingane's Method).

#### D. Chemical Kinetics

- Determination of rate constant and formation constant of intermediate complex in the reaction of Ce(IV) and Hypophosphorous acid at ambient temperature.
- ii) Determination of energy and enthalpy of activation in the reaction of KMnO4 and benzyl alcohol in acid medium
- iii) Determination of energy of activation and entropy of activation from a single kinetic run.
- (iv) Kinetics of an enzyme catalyzed reaction.

#### E. Electronics

This lab course will have theory as well as practical and the lectures shall be delivered during lab hours

#### **Basic Electronics**

Notations used in the electronic circuit, study of electronic compounds and colour codes. Conversion of chemical quantities into electronic quantities. Transducer, illustration with electrodes, thermocouples and thermistors.

Passive components; Resistors, capacitors and inductors with some emphasis on solid state properties of materials. Net works of resistors, Thevenin's theorem, superposition theorem, loop analysis, R.C. circuits, L.R. Circuits, LCR circuits. Illustration of the use of circuits in NQR spectroscopy. Mossbauer spectroscopy, cyclic voltammetry ar <sup>4</sup> in power supplies as filter circuits.

# Active components

Introduction to ordinary diodes and Zener diodes with some emphasis on p-n junction as a solid state property. Use of diodes as rectifiers, clipping and clamping circuits, Power supplies.

Transistors: An extension of p-n Junction to p-n-p and n-p-n transistors. Characteristics of transistors, hybrid parameters; transistor circuits as amplifiers, high impedance (preamplifier) circuits. Darlinction patas, differential amplifiers

# Operational Amplifiers

Ideal characteristics: Everter, summer, integrator, differentiator, voltage follower, illustrative use of opera, onal-amplifiers. Introduction to Fourier transformation in instrumentation.

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# List of Experiments in Electronics

(Do at least five experiments from this section)

- (a) To plot the diode characteristics and find its dynamic resistance and cut in voltage.
  - (b) To plot the characteristics of a transistor used as a diode and compare the results with those of (a).
- To implement a diode dipper circuit for the give transfer characteristics and verify the wave form.
- To implement a diode damper circuit which damps the positive peak of the input voltage to
  - (a) Zero voltage and (b) a given voltage. Verify the performance.
- 4 (a) To plot the characteristics of an NPN transistor in CE configuration.
  - (b) To find the h-parameter of the transistor from the characteristics.
- 5. (a) To plot the characteristics of an NPN transistor in CB configuration.
  - (b) To find the h-parameter of the transistor from the characteristics and compare it with the results of experiment No. 6.
- 6. (a) To plot the drain and transfer characteristics of JEET in CS configuration,
  - (b) To find out the pinch off voltage, maximum drain to source saturation current and the transconductance.
- To obtain the frequency response of an RC coupled amplifier and estimate the bandwidth.
- 8. (a) To plot the characteristics of Zener diode and find its dynamic resistance under reverse biased condition
  - (b) To use Zener diode for a voltage regulation
    - (i) Plot the line regulation curve
    - (ii) Plot the load Regulation curve.
- (a) To wire a half wave Rectifier circuit using diode and measure the rms voltage, de voltage and to find Ripple factor.
  - (b) To study the performance of Half wave and Full wave doubler circuits,
- To plot the characteristics of UJT and find the peak voltage, peak current and valley voltage and use as a relaxation.

Note: A sheet containing 20 questions/diagrams/circuits will be provided to the students to reply. These questions based on basic electronics will cover both theory and practicals as provided in the syllabus.

There will be objective type questions (MCQs) of 20 minutes duration with maximum marks 10.

Session 2021-22

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## Books Suggested:

- Inorganic Experiments, J. Derek Wooings, VCH.
- Microscale inorganic Chemistry, Z. Szafran, R.M Pike and M.M. Singh, Wifey
- 3. Practical inorganic Chemistry, G. Marr and B. W. Rockett. Van Nostrad.
- The Systematic Identification of Organic Compounds, R.L. Shiner and D.Y. Curlin.

# INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EXAMINERS

# M.Sc. (Final) Chemistry Practical

Max. Marks: 200 Duration of Exam: 14 hrs. (Spread in 2 days) Min. Marks 72 Inorganic Chemistry

Preparation of or of the selected inorganic compounds as mentioned in the syllabus and its study by IR electronic spectra. Mossbaur, ESR and magnetic susceptibility. Handling of air and moisture sensitive compounds involving vacuum lines

Or

Quantitative determination of a three component mixture by volumetric & gravimetric methods.

Spectrophotometric determination of one of the 5 exercises given in the syllabus.

Or

Flame Photometric determinations (one exercise) 3. Chromatographic separation of two metal ions. 10

# Organic Chemistry

# 1. Qualitative Analysis,

Separation, purification and identification of the components of a mixture of three organic compounds (three solids or two liquids and one solid, two solid and one liquid), using TLC for checking the purity of the separated compounds.

Chemical analysis, IR, IHMR and Mass spectral data.

30

# 2. Multi-step syntlesis of Organic Compounds

Perform one of the multi-step synthesis of organic compounds. Or

20

20

# Spectroscopy

Identification of Organic Compounds by the analysis of their spectral data (UV, IR, NMR, CMR and Mass)

## Physical Chemistry

<ol> <li>Perform one Ma</li> </ol>	njor physical experiment given in the syllabus.	20
2 Perform one Mi	non-t: 1	30
Perform one Minor physical experiment given in the syllabus.  Viva		20
	Session 2021-22	30
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